

The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 156, Vol. III.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1872.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements



DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,
WHOLESALE
AND
RETAIL
FAMILY GROCERS,
AND
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO. desire to return thanks to the people of Cromwell and the surrounding districts for the liberal encouragement they have received since opening the above establishment; and as they intend devoting their attention exclusively to the Grocery and Wine and Spirit trade, they confidently hope, from their connection in Dunedin, to be able to place before the public a genuine class of goods, well and carefully selected, at prices that cannot fail to give general satisfaction. They would respectfully invite attention more especially to the following articles in stock:—

Teas of excellent flavor, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffees not to be surpassed in quality
Cocoa and Chocolate of the best brands
Sugar—crystals and crushed loaf
Raisins—Muscatel, Sultan, and Eleme
Jams, Jellies, Pickles, and Sauces
Bacon, Cheese, and Butter of prime quality
Tobacco—Imperial Ruby Twist, Barrett's Twist, Old Sport, and 'romatic
Oils—Salad, Castor, and Kerosene
Candles of the best brands
Soaps—Blue Mottled, Yellow, and Scented in bars and cakes, &c., &c.

GRAIN.
Wakatip Oats, Wheat, and Chaff
SPIRITS.
Islay Whisky—Arley's and Long Jones'
Hennessey's and Martell's Brandy, in bulk and case
J.D.K.Z. Geneva
Burnett's Old Tom
Lemon Hart's Rum in bulk
Porter—Blood's, Lyass's, and Guinness's
CORDIALS.
Ginger Wine, Raspberry Vinegar, Peppermint, Lemon Syrup, &c., &c.
Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla

Families waited on for orders, and goods delivered in all parts of the district at Cromwell prices.

WAKATIP BREWERY.

Messrs SURMAN AND DAVIS
beg to inform the Public of Cromwell and the surrounding districts that, in order to meet the constantly increasing demand for their **ALES,**

they have appointed Messrs D. A. JOLLY & Co. their AGENTS IN CROMWELL.

Messrs D. A. JOLLY and Co. will from this date be in a position to supply Wakatip Ale (of prime quality) in bulk or bottle, at prices that will defy competition.

Ale or Porter, 12s per doz.

Queenstown, October 20, 1871.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,
HAVING RECEIVED A NEW AND SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

IRONMONGERY,
beg to call public attention to the following:—

Blasting Powder and Fuse; Long and Short handle Shovels; Picks, Pick Handles, and Shovel Eorks; Paenikins, Gold Dishes, Billies; Galvanised Iron Buckets; American Tubs, Buckets, and Brooms; Axes and Handles; Manila Rope for mining purposes; Drilling Hammers and Handles; White Lead; Castor Oil in bulk; Washing-boards; Brushware of every description; Nails; Canvas; Hose Pipes.—Contracts undertaken for supplying Mining Co.'s with Material of all kinds, on liberal terms. Free delivery

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.'s
DEPOT FOR MINING TOOLS,
CROMWELL.

Cromwell Advertisement

I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,
GENERAL IMPORTERS,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, ARROWTOWN, & MELBOURNE.

WE have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants generally to our Large Stock, as enumerated in this advertisement. It does not detail all the articles we keep, for to do so would be almost impossible. We have endeavoured to enumerate all the principal articles of each class; but every want necessary in a Mining, Agricultural, and Pastoral community can be supplied.

All our purchases being for cash, we thus possess an advantage that few are able to avail themselves of.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, with the conviction that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed, and the articles found to be of good value.

Drapery.—The attention of Ladies is respectfully directed to this Department. It will be found replete with all the latest novelties from the Melbourne markets, and arrangements have been made for regular shipments per each steamer.

Dresses, in silks, fancy and black; alpacas, challies, mohairs, wineceys, muslins, prints, coburgs Shawls, all-wool plaids, French merinos, skirtings, jackets, &c.
Hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, laces, trimmings of all kinds
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.—Our stock will be found the largest and best-assorted on the Gold-fields

Ladies' and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed
Feathers, flowers, corsets, chignons, &c.

A large assortment of white and coloured flannels, serge and cricketing; calicoes and sheetings; and every other article required in the trade.

Slop Department.—Men's Suits, Paget and sac; boys' ditto, Leopold, Stanley, sac, and knickerbocker; Trousers and vests, all kinds

Trousers, in silk mixture, doeskin, tweed, cotton, Bedford cord, and moleskin
Shirts—white dress, regatta, Crimean, serge, Scotch twill, tweed, and jain
Pants and under-shirts, in flannel, lambswool, serge, merino, and cotton
Men's and boys' Hosiery, of all kinds

Hats—straw, merino, tweed, silk-stitched, felt, and plush, in all the latest shapes
Waterproof coats, overalls, leggings, and sou'-westers; monkey jackets and pilot coats

All the above Goods are to our special order.

Boots and Shoes.—A splendid assortment, consisting of:
Ladies', girls', and children's boots, in kid, cashmere, morocco, and leather

Slippers—canvas, patent leather (plain and fur-trimmed), sheepskin, and carpet
Men's and boys' boots—elastic-side, Balmoral, Blucher, Wellington, half-Wellington, and riding boots; Colonial water-tights, made to our order in Melbourne

Gum boots—Hayward's North British and Liverpool; Hardy's nuggets.

Carpets.—In tapestry, felt, all-wool kideermister, drugget; hearth-rugs.

Matting.—China and cedar; oilcloth, door-mats.

Ironmongery, Mining Tools, and Agricultural Implements.—Anvils, axes, augers, adzes, balances, bells, bags, blacking, brushes (all kinds), baking-dishes, billies, braces and bits, black-lead, bellows, boilers, bedsteads, bolts, blocks, candlesticks, chains (various), candle-moulds, colanders, compasses, chisels, coal-scuttles, scoop and vase; corkscrews, coffin furniture, cash-boxes, door-scrappers, drippers, egg-whisks, slice and cups; fuse, frying-pans, funnels, files, fenders and fire-irons, fish-hooks, gimblets, grindstones, graters, glue, gridirons, gold-blowers, dishes and sieves, grates, gads, guns, glue-pots, hammers (all kinds), hoes, jelly-moulds, knives, a large assortment; knives and forks, knife-boards, kettles, lanterns, locks, ladles, milk dishes, cans, strainers, sieves, and yokes; measuring tapes, mops, mallets, nails of every kind, pitch, picks, pumps, powder, pincers, piping, ploughs, quoits, quicksilver, rules, rope, resin, rivets, rasps, rakes, ship scrapers, sickles and bats, slop-pails, saws of all kinds, sieves, scanning twine, sponges, scoops, sheep-shears, saucepans, shovels and spades, spirit-levels, soldering-irons, solder, spokeshaves, shot, steel-yards, scales, screws, staples, step-pans, tea-pots, trowels, tar, tacks, tubs, trowsers, vices, waiters, washing boards and powder, window furniture of all kinds, writing cases, zinc, &c., &c.

Timber and Building Materials.—Shelving, 12 and 14 inches wide; T. and G. lumber T. and G. Scotch Flooring, 4, 4, 4, 1, 1, 1 inch; beaded and plain match lining
Quartering, American hardwood, 3 x 1, 3 x 1, 3 x 2, 4 x 3, 4 x 6; mouldings, various sizes
Galvanised and painted iron, all sizes; rolled zinc, spouting, brackets, down-piping heads
Screws, nails, locks, hinges, and bolts; doors, glass, raised panel, and plain sashes, all sizes.

Paints, Paperhangings, Oils.—Paints of all kinds; white and red lead; black, green, blue, umbre, ochre, &c.; Oils—raw, boiled, colza, olive, turpentine, &c.; oak and copal varnish, asphaltum, oak-stain, knotting

Paperhangings.—A large assortment of drawing-room, sitting-room, bed-room, hall, passage, and ceiling, various; borderings, all kinds.

Tinware of every description, a large assortment, all kinds.

Kitchen Utensils.—Toves, boilers, saucepans, kettles, &c.

Crockery.—A large and well-assorted department.

Lamps, Glassware, Kerosene, Lampware.—large assortment.

Furniture, Bedding &c.—Bedsteads: an assortment of French and stump double, single, and children's bedsteads and cots

Chairs: Ladies, Florence, Lincoln, Fillmore, dining, American wood, spring hair, rocking; easy-chairs, in hair, cane, and wood

Commodore, cheffonies, children's high and low chairs, cane and wood; chests of drawers

Tables: round and square, dining, loo, and dressing, various

Washstands, in cedar and walnut; towel-horses, mahogany, cedar, turned and plain

Sofas, a large assortment, colonial made, with or without backs, pillows, and cushions

Mattresses: feather, hair, flock, fibre, any size; pillows and bolsters, do. do. do.

Leather.—Crap, kip, off, kangaroo, &c., from the Tannery of Michaelis, Hallenstein, and Co

Grindery.—A large assortment.

Tobacco and Cigars.—Being direct importers of these goods, buyers can always depend on getting a first-class article.

Tobacco: fancy and aromatic, silver coil, Atlantic cable, old sport, navy, fives, sixes, tens, imperial ruby, gold bar; dark aromatic—tens, bashful lover, little sunshade, monster; Barrett's twist and cut tobaccos; snuff

Cigars: Trabucos, Javanah, Princess, and Swiss.

Stationery and Books.—Account-books, all sizes and bindings; minute-books, bill-files, blotting-paper, memo. books, copying letter-books, copy and exercise books, date-cases, envelopes, all kinds and sizes; elastic bands, foolscap (plain and ruled), gum macilage, ink of all kinds inkstands, a large variety; letter balances, clips, and files; pass-books

Note and letter paper, white, blue, and mourning; pens of all kinds, pencils, playing-cards, pocket-books, pates, slates, albums, rulers, sealing-wax, tissue-paper, all colours; desks

Books: an assortment of family and pocket Bibles, church services, and prayer-books
Poetical Works of Byron, Moore, Scott, Burns, Milton, Cowper, Cook, Campbell, Longfellow

Gift books; dictionaries—French, Latin, German, and English; geographies, arithmetics.

Fancy Goods.—A large choice, and varied assortment.

Patent Medicines.—Large assortment; also, a variety of Horse Medicines.

Perfumery.—"from every flower that breathes a fragrance."

Saddlery.—This department will be found very complete, as all goods are manufactured expressly for us by Aston, of Melbourne.

Bridles, with or without bits; a large assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's, double and single rein, Pelham and snaffle; all prices.

Curry-combs and brushes of all kinds; halters; hobbles, various.

Saddles, ladies' and gentlemen's; demy, stock, green hide, and all over hogskin; various prices.

Saddle-cloths, kersey, etc; saddle-girths, leather, web; saddle straps, spurs of all kinds; valises, martingale and breastplates, various; stirrup leathers, ladies' slippers and stirrup leathers, cruppers, bits, burnisters, headstalls, ladies' worked saddle-cloths.

Spring cart harness complete, dray harness complete, leading sets complete.

Pack saddles, straps, needles, buckles, hump knives.

Whips, a large variety jockey whips, silver mounted, green hide; ladies' twigs, various kinds; buggy whip, cart whips, all sizes; stockwhips and handles, thongs of all kinds.

Produce.—Agents for Robertson and Hallenstein, Brunswick Flour Mills, Lake Wakatip.—We have for sale their silk-dressed Flour, (equal to Adelaide); pollard, bran, oats, wheat, barley, chaf. Garden seeds in great variety.

Sundries.—Tents, tarpaulins, Manila rope, hose canvas, horse-covers, wheelbarrows, hose-directors, brushware, camp and colonial ovens, candles, lime, &c. &c. &c.

Cromwell Advertisements



THE CROMWELL BAKERY

J. SCOTT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.



JUNCTION BAKERY,

CROMWELL.

C. W. WRIGHT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER.

Bread Delivered in all Parts of the District.

VICTORIA STORE, CROMWELL.

I. WRIGHT,

FAMILY GROCER.

Crockery, Glassware, Musical Instruments, Brushware, Stationery, Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods and Toys of every description, Paperhangings, Glass, Oils, Colours, Paint, Varnish, Glue, Cue Tips, &c. Thompson's Cement for Cue Tips, English & Colonial Newspapers and Magazines | Oats & Chaff.

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD
LATE MR GRANT'S

NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD

JAMES TAYLOR,

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest PRICES compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope, SADDLERY, &c., cheap. 25

Cromwell Veterinary Shoeing Forge

Next door to Kibb's Cromwell Hotel.

EDWARD LINDSAY,

(Late of Clyde and Melbourne),

GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND MACHINIST,

Begs to intimate to his customers and the general public that he has REMOVED to his NEW PREMISES, next to the Cromwell Hotel, Melmore Terrace, where he will carry on every description of Blacksmith work and Farriery as heretofore.

E. LINDSAY begs to intimate to the Public generally that he has gone to the expense of getting a CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS on a new principle, being the first introduced up-country, which he will guarantee to give general satisfaction; also, that he has made a reduction in the price of Horse-shoeing.

LIGHT SHOES - - - 12s.

DRAUGHT " - - - 17s.

EDWARD LINDSAY,
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

THOMAS FOOTE,

TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,

MELMORE TERRACE,

CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

Cromwell



CROMWELL.

FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

*Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3½d per lb.

CROMWELL BUTCHERY
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

KARL PRETSCH,

COACH & GENERAL PAINTER,
etc.,

Has now PAPERHANGINGS, PAINTS of every description, GLASS, and MOULDINGS, on Sale at Low Prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Buggies and Vehicles of every description painted in the best style.

Colours Prepared in any Shade required

Address: Next door but one to MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL, CROMWELL.

F. SANSOM, SADDLER
AND
HARNESS-MAKER,

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict attention and moderate charges, to merit the public patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

BELFAST STORE,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE, &c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Runholders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.J. C. CHAPPEL,
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District may be left at the Argus Office, and will meet with prompt attention.

JUST ARRIVED,—A Large Lot of PAPERHANGINGS and FURNITURE, CHEFFONIERS, CHILDREN'S COTS, &c., &c.

JAMES TAYLOR,
Cromwell Timber Yard.

Cromwell

JUNCTION COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

JOSEPH HARDING begs to intimate that he has purchased from Mr G. W. GOODGER the above large and centrally-situated Hotel, and is now in a position to offer accommodation of a superior description to all who may favor him with their patronage.

His past experience in the WINE and SPIRIT trade, will he trusts, be a sufficient guarantee that the Spirits and Malt Liquors served will be as pure as on the day they left the vintery or the distillery.

The BEDROOMS, PRIVATE PARLORS, &c., are fitted up in the best style, and every attention will be paid to secure the comfort and convenience of visitors.

Large and Comfortable

BILLIARD ROOM,

Fitted with one of Alcock's Tables.

Particular attention has been paid to the STABLES

In connection with the Hotel, and the public may rely on

Every Care being taken of their HORSES.

MEALS ready at ALL HOURS of the day.

J. HARDING.

KAWARAU HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

F. BASTINGS, late of the Commercial Hotel,

Lawrence, having taken the above Hotel, hopes to merit a share of public patronage.

N.B.—GOOD STABLING.

BEFORE purchasing your WATCHES, CLOCKS, and JEWELLERY, call on E. MURRELL,

and inspect his CHOICE STOCK of the above articles.

As all his Watches and Clocks are TAKEN TO PIECES, CLEANED, and ADJUSTED before they are delivered, Customers may depend on getting an article that will give satisfaction.

All kinds of WATCHES, CLOCKS, and MUSICAL BOXES cleaned and repaired.

Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted.

Observe the address:

NEXT MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL.

FIRE INSURANCE.

PROMPTITUDE and LIBERALITY in the Settlement of Claims; the LOWEST RATES OF PREMIUM consistent with Safety; UNDOUBTED SECURITY; and LIBERAL REGULATIONS.

MESSRS GILLIES AND STREET, Land and Estate Agents, Princes-street, Dunedin, having been appointed agents for Otago of the well-known and long-established Office,

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,

(Established, 1797; Re-organised, 1821.)

Are now prepared to undertake the INSURANCE FROM FIRE of every description of property, and to GUARANTEE THAT ALL LOSSES WILL BE PROMPTLY AND LIBERALLY SETTLED BY THEMSELVES, thus avoiding the delay, anxiety, and inconvenience occasioned by Agents having to consult Boards of Directory and others at a distance.

Every information as to the Society's Rates and Principles, or as to Special Rates, may be obtained free on application, personally or by letter, to the HEAD OFFICE FOR OTAGO:

MESSRS GILLIES & STREET, Agents.

Or of the district agents, as under:

AGENT FOR CROMWELL,

DUNCAN MACKELLAR.

CLYDE—G. FACHE.

VICTORIA FIRE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL.....£2,200,000.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,

AGENTS,

CROMWELL.

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Cromwell

PLASHETTS COLLIERY,
(adjoining Richards's Ferry.)DAGG, PRIMATE, & BENNETT,
COAL MERCHANTS,
CROMWELL,

Are now supplying HOUSEHOLD COAL of very superior quality at current prices,—viz., 20s. per ton at the pit, or 32s. per ton delivered.

The seam of coal in the PLASHETTS COLLIERY is admittedly the best ever opened in the district, and the proprietors confidently solicit a share of public patronage.

Regular Customers may depend upon being kept constantly supplied.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,
SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION AGENT,
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

MR H. W. SMYTHIES,
MINING SURVEYOR AND AGENT.

Legal Managership & REGISTRATION of Companies undertaken.

Office: Town Hall, Cromwell.

MR L A K E,
SURGEON, CROMWELL,

may be consulted at the premises adjoining Mr

C. W. WRIGHT's, baker and confectioner.

JULES LA FONTAINE,
WHEELWRIGHT,

Begs to inform the public that he will be at Cromwell three days in each week,—MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY; when he will be prepared to execute all orders and repairs with which he may be intrusted.

During the rest of the week, he will be at Clyde.

Premises in Cromwell:
Opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Reading-room is open to Subscribers on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Library contains an extensive variety of Books in every department of literature; and about £60 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly 12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, beg to inform the inhabitants of the Cromwell, Alexandra, and Clyde districts that we have appointed

I. Hallenstein and Co., Cromwell,

As our only AGENTS to the sale of our Silk-dressed

FLOUR, BRAN, AND POLLARD.

We guarantee all Flour branded with our name, and obtained through the above agents.

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN,
Brunswick Flour Mills,
LAKE WAKATIP.

NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this date.

I. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 12th May 1870.—27th

Bannockburn

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.,
(Late of Legantown),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS,

Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that they have removed to QUARTZVILLE, next to HAZLETT's Carrick Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict attention to business, and reasonable charges, to merit a share of their patronage.

Bannockburn

STUART'S FERRY
KAWARAU RIVER.

Main crossing-place between Cromwell and the Nevis for Waggon, Drays, Horses, and Foot passengers.

Children attending School, Free.

THE FERRY HOTEL

Has first-class accommodation for Travellers.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

The new Ferry being now OPEN FOR TRAFFIC the Public are invited to cross the Kawarau River on the

BEST PUNT IN THE PROVINCE which is on the direct road to Bannockburn, the Nevis, and the Carrick Range Reefs.

John Richards - Proprietor.

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,

Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,
QUARTZVILLE,

(In the immediate vicinity of the Carrick Reefs.)

THOMAS HAZLETT - Proprietor.

Having purchased from Mr JOHN M'CORMICK the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, I am now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour me with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, regardless of expense, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM,

fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables. An excellent SIX-STALLED STABLE on the premises, and a careful groom always in attendance.

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T. HAZLETT.

BANNOCKBURN COAL MINE

J. SMITH,

COAL MERCHANT,

Having obtained a lease of the above well-known Coal Works, begs to inform the residents at Bannockburn, Carrick Range, Bendigo, Kawarau Gorge, and throughout the district, that he is prepared to SUPPLY (in any quantity) COAL of excellent quality, at 15s. per ton taken from the pit's mouth; or, delivered, 1s 9d per bag and upwards, according to distance.

N.B.—Drays leave the Bannockburn for Cromwell twice a week. Loading carried back on reasonable terms.

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Thoroughbred Stallions.



THE THOROUGHBRED STALLION
ROEBUCK
 WILL STAND THIS SEASON
 AT THE
HAWEA LAKE STATION.
 TERMS, £3 15s.

For further particulars apply to T. A. FRASER,
 Hawea Lake Station, Albertown; or at Earns-
 cleugh Station, Clyde.

THE THOROUGHBRED HORSE
SCUD
 Will stand this Season at Messrs J. A. DOUG-
 LAS & Co.'s Station, Eden Creek.

TERMS:
 For One or Two Mares, £4 4s each mare.
 For Three or Four Mares, £3 10s each mare.
 For Five Mares and upwards, £3 each mare.

N.B.—For the convenience of persons intend-
 ing to send mares to SCUD, Messrs J. A. Doug-
 las and Co. will take delivery of mares at Mr
 Williams' yards, Clyde Pound, on November
 14, at noon.

THE Thoroughbred ENTIRE HORSE
BEDOUIN
 will travel this season in the Cromwell, Dunstan,
 St. Bathans, and surrounding Districts.

Bedouin is a dark brown horse, with black
 points; is six years old, free from all blemish,
 and has great muscular power.

When a three-year old, Bedouin beat a good
 field of seven horses, including Waterwitch,
 Queen Bee, Kettle Drum, and Lady of the Lake;
 distance 1½ mile. He also won the Clutha Ferry
 Handicap, beating Lady Ellen and four others;
 distance, 2½ miles. He ran second to Backbiter
 for the Lawrence Town plate in 1871; and won
 the Publicans' Purse at Waikouaiti; distance,
 two miles. His latest performance was winning
 the Cromwell Spring Handicap (distance 1½
 mile), easily, hands down; and he has also been
 victorious in many other events.

Bedouin is brother to the well-known colt
 Salvin, the winner of many big events at all dis-
 tances from one mile to three, in good company.

Bedouin is by the well-known horse The
 Colonel, a dark chestnut, 16 hands high, free
 from white; remarkably handsome, long, and
 powerful. The Colonel by Cossack, out of Falith,
 by Emigrant. Cossack by Sir Hercules, out of
 Flora M'ivor, by Cap-à-pie; granddam Cor-
 nellin, by Grasshopper, out of Hebe, by Hector,
 both imported. Sir Hercules was sire of Cor-
 onation, Faugh-a-ballagh, Irish Birdcatcher, War-
 lock, Daniel O'Rourke, Knight of St. George,
 and Songstress—all Derby and St. Leger winners
 in England. His grandson was sire of Stock-
 well, and grandsire of Blair Athol, Colleen, St.
 Albans, The Marquis, and Whalebone—embrac-
 ing the representatives of the purest and most
 successful racing strain of the present day.

Bedouin's dam, Gunsara, is a dark brown,
 with black points, imported direct from Arabia
 by Mr A. Pillans, having been selected from the
 very purest of the racing stock in that country.
 Gunsara is remarkably handsome and powerful,
 16 hands high, up to almost any weight, and has
 won many events of three and four miles' dis-
 tance.

Fee, £3 3s., payable on 1st February, 1873.
 Guarantee by special arrangement.

Draught Stallion.



EARL OF CARRICK.
 The imported Clydesdale Stallion EARL OF
 CARRICK will stand for the season at POISON
 CREEK FARM, Wanaka Road.

Terms £3 10s.,
 to be paid at time of service.

EARL OF CARRICK (imported from
 Victoria) is a beautiful black horse, possessing
 great bone and substance; is eight years old,
 and stands 16 hands high. His stock can be
 seen at the owner's farm.

EARL OF CARRICK was bred at Mansfield,
 Victoria, by J. Steele, Esq., and was got by the
 famous horse Blackleg, which carried off thirty-
 one prizes, and never was beaten in Victoria.
 Earl of Carrick's dam, a prize Clydesdale mare,
 imported from Scotland.

CHARLES HAIR, Proprietor,
 Poison Creek.

Cromwell

SUMMER DRAPERY.

Ex Otago and Hydaspes.

We are now opening out

37 PACKAGES OF DRAPERY,
 specially suited for the Summer Season,
 which have been personally selected and bought
 for CASH, and will be disposed of at VERY
 LOW PRICES to suit the times.

Our new Stock comprises all the latest novel-
 ties from London and Paris. Being too varied
 to particularise, we enumerate only LEADING
 LINES.

Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, in
 Dolly Varden, Mandarin, Neilson, and
 Sydney,—all newest shapes.

Girls' ditto.

Ladies' Dresses in Silks, Mohairs, Grenadines,
 Muslins, Merinos, Prints, &c. &c.

Ladies' Chemisettes, Ties, and Sleeves,—a
 great variety.

Sunshades,—all kinds.

Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.

&c. &c. &c.

Men's and Boys' Clothing, in immense variety.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF DRAPERY ON THE GOLD-
 FIELDS.—AN INSPECTION INVITED.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,
 Drapers and Importers.

Clyde

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

EAMES AND STANBROOK beg to
 inform their numerous friends and the
 public that they intend starting business as

AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS, GENERAL
 AGENTS AND ACCOUNTANTS,

at the commencement of the New Year, and
 from their well-known business habits, trust
 that they will meet with a fair share of public
 patronage.

Mr STANBROOK, so well-known throughout
 the whole of the up-country districts, will, as
 Auctioneer, conduct all Sales with which the
 Firm may be favoured.

OFFICES—CROMWELL & CLYDE.

October 16, 1872.

MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

M. MARSHALL,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,

SUNDERLAND ST., CLYDE.



Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS
 VENDOR.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial
 Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a
 small advance upon English prices.

News

I HAVE never seen so GREAT A VARIETY
 of GOODS, and of such SUPERIOR QUALITY,
 anywhere else as is now ON SALE at the
BRITISH STORES, NEVIS.

Arrowtown

R. PRITCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,
 ARROWTOWN.

The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines,
 Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district.
 A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes,
 Drapery, &c.

Agent for

T. ROBINSON & Co.,

Agricultural Implement Manufacturers,
 Dunedin and Melbourne.

Bendigo

JOSIAH MITCHINSON,

Wholesale and Retail

STOREKEEPER,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MER-
 CHANT,

WAKEFIELD STORE,

(Near Cromwell Quartz Co.'s Machine),

BENDIGO.

GOODS DELIVERED

At all parts of the Reefs.

BENDIGO POST OFFICE.

Interest at the rate of 12½ per cent charged on
 all accounts due over two months.

Luggate

ALBION HOTEL AND STORE,

LUGGATE,

28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to
 Lake Wanaka).

H. MAIDMAN Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accom-
 modation for the comfort and convenience of
 travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery
 Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at
 Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.

N.B.—District Post Office.

Wanaka

WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.

The above hotel, which is delightfully
 situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake,
 offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker
 advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is ex-
 ceedingly picturesque; and on an island in
 the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a
 PADDOCK, for horses.

THEODORE RUSSELL,

Proprietor.

Alexandra

MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,
 ALEXANDRA

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce
 that they are prepared to supply their
 SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free of cartage within twenty
 miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;

Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

Or at the BREWERY, will be promptly attended
 to.

THEYERS AND BECK,

BREWERS,

ALEXANDRA.

Queenstown

[A CARD.]

D. POWELL,

AUCTIONEER, &c.

SALE ROOMS - BALLARAT-STREET,

QUEENSTOWN.

OFFICE:

Ballarat-st. (opposite the Family Hotel)

ROBERT BOYNE,

GENERAL STOREKEEPER

AND NEWS AGENT,

Queenstown, Lake Wakatip.

A large stock of Groceries and other goods
 always on hand. Importer of English and Colo-
 nial Newspapers. Orders punctually attended
 to, and newspapers forwarded to any part of the
 district.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.



CROMWELL ARGUS

General Printing Office,

MELMORE TERRACE.

MATTHEWS & FENWICK,

MERCANTILE AND DECORATIVE
PRINTERS,

EXECUTE ORDERS FOR

PRINTING

OF EVERY KIND

In the most modern styles of the Art.

BOOK AND PAMPHLET WORK,

Unsurpassed in the Colony.

PLAIN, ENAMELLED, { CARDS } COLORED, EMBOSSED,

In endless variety of style.

ADMISSION TICKETS

For Balls, Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments,
 Soirees, &c. &c.

BALL PROGRAMMES.

NEWEST STYLES.

Business & Invitation Circulars,

Printed in New and Elegant Type,

ON FINE POST OR FANCY NOTE PAPER.

MINING COMPANIES' SCRIP,

(Superior to Lithographed)

ON BEST HAND-MADE PAPER.

POSTERS,

ANY SIZE,

BLACK OR COLOURED INKS.

ILLUMINATED SHOW-CARDS,

SUPERB DESIGNS,

In Coloured Inks or Gold Bronze.

Receipt and Delivery Books

Neatly printed and strongly bound.

Catalogues, Hand Bills, Programmes,

Labels, Memo's, Societies' Rules,

Bags and Wrapping Papers,

Prospectuses, Envelopes,

Ale & Porter Labels,

Circular Labels,

—AND—

EVERY OTHER KIND OF PRINTING

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne—Multitudes of
 people are hopelessly suffering from Debility,
 Nervous and Liver complaints, depression of
 spirits, delusions, unfitness for business or study,
 failure of hearing, sight, and memory, lassitude,
 want of power, &c., whose cases admit of a per-
 manent cure by the new remedy PHOSPHODYNE
 (ozonic oxygen), which at once allays all irrita-
 tion and excitement, imparts new energy and
 life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly
 cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and
 distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and
 storekeepers throughout the colonies, from whom
 pamphlets containing testimonials may be ob-
 tained. Caution: Be particular to ask Dr.
 Bright's Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad.
 Wholesale agents for New Zealand:—Kemp-
 thorne, Prosser, & Co., Dunedin.

The reputation of *Holloway's Pills and Oint-*
ment in the cure of Rheumatism.—In the West
 Indies, where this excruciating complaint is very
 prevalent, and the severity of the disease much
 increased by the nature of the employment of
 the inhabitants, no remedy has been tried with
 such excellent results as *Holloway's Pills and*
Ointment. All persons afflicted with rheuma-
 tism should have immediate recourse to these in-
 valuable medicines, which are so certain and safe
 in their effects. They are also equally efficacious
 (even when every other remedy has failed) in the
 cure of wens, tumours, unnatural enlargements,
 and glandular swellings, as likewise contracted
 and stiff joints.

TO LET, a DWELLING HOUSE, together with Stable and Garden, situate on Sections 17 and 18, Block III., Town of Cromwell. Possession given within a fortnight. Apply to **D. MACKELLAR.**

FOR SALE,—Section 28, Block III., (one-quarter-acre,) Town of Cromwell. Apply to **D. MACKELLAR.**

FOR SALE,—ONE-THIRD of the WANAKA SAW-MILL. Also, One-Third of SIXTY ACRES freehold Bush; and a TWENTY-ACRE SECTION, on which the mill is erected. The Mill is completely new, having been at work only two or three months. Everything is in splendid order.

The Bush is a very valuable property, containing the only White and Black Pine in the district.—For further particulars, apply to **A. E. FARQUHAR,** Wanaka Sawmill.

[CIRCULAR.]

THE COMMITTEE of the ARROW DISTRICT MINERS' ASSOCIATION, having obtained the consent of the various Associations in this Province to a meeting by delegates,—to make suggestions to the General Government in reference to a new Goldfields Act, to appoint a Central Committee in order to obtain unanimity of action when required, and generally to consider subjects of importance to the Goldfields interests,—have much pleasure in inviting the miners at Cromwell to appoint a delegate to represent them at the meeting, which will be held at Tuapeka on or about the First day of December next. Exact date and hour of meeting will be advertised in a few days.

SAML SYMONDS,
Sec. A.D.M.A.

Arrowtown, 21st October, 1872.

M R F. J. WILSON, SOLICITOR, &c., will, when requested by telegram, attend at Cromwell on WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, to give longer time for consultation. He has rented a private room for business purposes.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,—A WATER RACE, heading from a point three or four miles up the Bannockburn, and terminating at Shepherd's Creek.

Apply to **H. THOMAS,** Cornishtown.

WINES. SPIRITS. GROCERIES.

IN Order to meet the increasing requirements of the district, we have opened out in the above lines. By purchasing for CASH, and keeping the best class of goods obtainable, and selling them at reasonable prices, we trust to receive a share of patronage.

BRANDY—Hennessey's in case and bulk
RUM—best Jamaica
WHISKY—Lorne Highland
Dunville's, Islay
PORT WINE—Oflay's four grape
SHERRY—Gonzalez's four diamond
COLONIAL WINE, GENEVA, OLD TOM, GINGER WINE, CORDIALS, BITTERS (various), &c. &c.

GROCERIES of the best quality, in Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Candles, Soaps, Raisins, Currants, Sauces, Oysters, Salmon, &c. &c.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO., GENERAL IMPORTERS, Cromwell, Queenstown, Arrow, and Melbourne.

New Advertisements.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.
SERVICES FOR NOVEMBER.
SUNDAY, November 10, EVENING—7 p.m.
UNDAY, November 24, MORNING—11 a.m.
M. FRAER,
Hon. Sec. and Treasurer.

WANTED,—A COOK. Must be thoroughly competent, and able to cook for 30 men; also, must be a good Baker. Also, a SHEPHERD, to tail rams. Apply to the Manager, Kawaran Station.

FOR SALE,—One FOURTH SHARE in the **BANNOCKBURN WATER RACE.** Enquiries as to price, and other particulars, can be made on the Race, just above Kawaran Station.

JOHN BULL Q.M. COMPANY.
TENDERS are invited for CARTING 100 tons of Quartz from the above Company's claim to Mr Logan's machine. Tenders to be sent in on or before SATURDAY, the 9th inst., to **LONDON HOUSE,** Cromwell.

JOHN BULL Q.M. COMPANY.
TENDERS are invited for DRIVING 70 FEET in the above Company's claim. Specifications can be seen at the Claim, or at London House, Cromwell, where tenders will be received till noon on SATURDAY, 9th inst.

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS will be received for DELIVERING COAL, of the best quality, at my Crushing Machine, Pipeclay Gully, Carrick Range, for a term of Twelve Months. Tenders to be sent in not later than SATURDAY, 9th inst., at 8 p.m., addressed **THOMAS LOGAN,** Clutha Hotel.

ELIZABETH Q.M. COMPANY, REGISTERED.
A CALL of 3s. per share is made payable at the Company's office, Cromwell, on or before TUESDAY, 5th November, 1872.
CHARLES COLCLOUGH, Legal Manager.

ROBERT BURNS Q.M. COMPANY, REGISTERED.
A CALL of ONE SHILLING per SHARE has been made in the Robert Burns Quartz Mining Company, Registered, and is now payable at the Office of the Company, Cromwell.
CHAS. COLCLOUGH, Legal Manager.
Nov. 5, 1872.

DUKE OF CUMBERLAND CO.
An adjourned Meeting of the above Company will be held at the CLUTHA HOTEL on SATURDAY, 9th inst.
SHARES NOT PAID UP on that date will be deemed FORFEITED.
R. E. DAGG, Secretary.

BANK HOLIDAY.
MONDAY, 11th NOVEMBER, will be observed as a Holiday at the Bank New South Wales, Cromwell.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Town of Cromwell.—Claims to be assessed should be sent in at once.
D. MACKELLAR } Assessors.
J. S. BURRELL }

APPLICATION to REGISTER the **LUCKNOW QUARTZ REEF MINING COMPANY,** under "The Mining Companies Limited Liability Act, 1865."

I the undersigned **THOMAS BLACK,** Dunedin, in the Province of Otago, Clerk, hereby make application to register the Lucknow Quartz Reef Mining Company, Registered, under the provisions of the "Mining Companies Limited Liability Act, 1865," and I do solemnly and sincerely declare that the following statement is the best of my belief and knowledge true in every particular,—namely:—

1. The name and style is "The Lucknow Quartz Reef Mining Company, Registered."
2. The place of operations is at Bendigo Gully.
3. The nominal capital of the Company is seven thousand eight hundred pounds, in ten thousand six hundred shares of three pounds each.
4. The amount already paid up is one thousand three hundred pounds.
5. The name of the manager is Thomas Black.
6. The office of the Company is at the office of Messrs Oliver and Ulph, ironmongers, Manchester street, Dunedin.
7. The names and several residences of the shareholders, and the number of shares held each at this date, are as follows:—

George W. Elliott, Dunedin, 200 shares.
John Davie, Dunedin, 200 shares.
Richard Oliver, Dunedin, 200 shares.
George Whittingham, Melbourne, Victoria, 200 shares.
Robert A. Lawson, Dunedin, 200 shares.
Robert Burns, Dunedin, 200 shares.
John B. Thompson, Dunedin, 200 shares.
James Gilmore, Dunedin, 200 shares.
Charles Stright Harvey, Dunedin, 200 shares.
John Alves, Dunedin, 100 shares.
Matthew C. Heales, Dunedin, 100 shares.
Charles Colclough, Cromwell, 200 shares.
William Grant, Cromwell, 200 shares.
James Hazlett, Clyde, 200 shares.
Total, 2600 shares.

Dated this 23rd day of October, 1872.
THOMAS BLACK, Manager.
Witness to signature: **R. B. MARTIN, J.P.**

APPLICATION for an EXTENDED CLAIM.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to me by **AH MOON** and five others, to declare that that portion of the Otago Goldfields described in the Schedule hereto annexed may be occupied in Claims of one acre per man, under Section 1, Regulation IV., of the Otago Goldfields Rules and Regulations; and the said application will be heard at Cromwell on THURSDAY, 21st day of November, 1872. Objections (if any) to the granting of such application must be lodged at the Warden's Office, Cromwell, within fourteen days from this date.

B. R. BAIRD, Pro Warden.
Cromwell, November 4, 1872.

(SCHEDULE.)

All that area, containing six acres, situate Upper Nevis, near Drummond's Creek, being one mile below Thompson's store, and bounded on the west side by the Nevis River, and on the other three sides by Crown lands.

APPLICATION for an EXTENDED CLAIM.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to me by **AH QUON, AH SIN** and **AH LENG,** to declare that that portion of the Otago Goldfields described in the Schedule hereto annexed may be occupied in Claims of one acre per man, under Section 1, Regulation IV., of the Otago Goldfields Rules and Regulations; and the said application will be heard at Cromwell, on Thursday, the 21st day of November, 1872. Objections (if any) to the granting of such application must be lodged at the Warden's office, Cromwell, within fourteen days from this date.

B. R. BAIRD, pro Warden.
Cromwell, November 4, 1872.

(SCHEDULE.)

All that area containing three acres, situate Lagget Creek, 400 yards above the extension of claim of Swanson and Staunton, and bounded on all its sides by Crown lands.



CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB RACE MEETING.

Thursday and Friday, 26th and 27th December 1872.

STEWARDS:

MESSRS JAMES COWAN
JAMES TAYLOR
J. B. LAKE
CHARLES COLCLOUGH

MESSRS I. LOUGHNAN
DAVID A. JOLLY
ROBERT E. DAGG
ROBERT KIDD.

JUDGE—MR J. HARDING.

HANDICAPPER—

STARTER—MR JAS. DAWKINS.

CLERK OF THE COURSE—MR OWEN PIERCE.

PROGRAMME.

FIRST DAY.

CROMWELL DERBY: a sweepstake of £5 5s.,—£2 2s. forfeit,—with £50 added. Entrance, £2 2s., on nomination; and balance of sweep, £3 3s., to be made good on night of general entry. Colts, 8st. 10lb.; fillies, 8st. 5lb. Distance, 1½ mile. Entries closed.

HACK HURDLE RACE: £15. Distance, 1½ mile, over five flights of hurdles. Entrance, £1 1s. No weight less than 10st. Post entry.

GRAND STAND HANDICAP: £60. Distance, 1½ mile. Nomination, £1 1s. Acceptance, £2 2s.

MINERS' PURSE: £15. For all Hacks. Distance, ¾ mile—heats. No weight less than 10st. No horse to run that has won an advertised prize of over £15. Entrance, 20s. Post entry.

FLYING HANDICAP: £40. Distance, ¾ mile. Nomination, £1 1s. Acceptance, £1 1s. Winner of Grand Stand Handicap to carry 7lb. penalty.

SECOND DAY.

MAIDEN PLATE: £30. For all horses that have never won an advertised prize of over £25. Weight for age. Distance, 1½ mile. Entrance, £2. Winner of "Derby" to carry 7lb. penalty.

HANDICAP HURDLE RACE: £60, with £2 2s. sweepstake added. Distance, 2½ miles, over eight flights of hurdles. Nomination, £1 1s. Acceptances, £2 2s.

JOCKEY CLUB HANDICAP: £100, with a sweepstake of £3 3s., to go to the second horse. Distance, two miles. Nomination, £2 2s. Acceptance, £3 3s.

HACK SELLING RACE: £20. Winner to be sold for £20: surplus to go to Race fund. Distance, ¾ mile—heats. Entrance, £1. No weight under 10st. Post entry.

CONSOLATION HANDICAP: £30. Distance, one mile. Nomination, 15s. Acceptance, 15s.

Nominations for the Grand Stand Handicap, Handicap Hurdle, and Flying Handicap, to be forwarded to the Secretary at or before 8 p.m. on Wednesday, 11th December. Weights to be declared in CROMWELL ARGUS of 17th and Otago Daily Times of 18th December. Acceptances to be received by the Secretary not later than 8 p.m. on night of general entry (Dec. 24).

Nominations for Jockey Club Handicap and Maiden Plate to be lodged with the Secretary on night of general entry. Weights for the Jockey Club Handicap to be declared on night of first day's races.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Mares and Geldings allowed 3lbs.
No entries will be received for any of the above races except upon this condition: that all disputes, claims, and objections arising out of the racing shall be decided by the Stewards, or whom they may appoint. Their decision upon all points connected with the carrying out of the programme shall be final.

No person shall be allowed to enter or run a horse for any race in this programme (post entry races excepted) unless the latter be qualified as the bona fide property of a subscriber of not less than £2 2s. to the Race Fund.

Entries to be received by the Secretary before 8 p.m. on the 24th December: entrance money enclosed, with name, age, and pedigree (if any)

of the horse, name of owner, and colours of rider.

Any jockey riding except in the colours entered will be fined £2.

Five per cent. will be deducted from gross amount of all stakes for expenses.

Horses walking over will receive 50 per cent. of the stakes.

The Dunstan Jockey Club Rules will be strictly enforced.

Any person entering a protest will have to deposit £2, and should such be deemed frivolous by the Stewards, will have to forfeit the amount.

N.B.—No entries or acceptances will be received on any pretence whatever after the time specified.

WILLIAM MACNAB, SECRETARY.

ATHENÆUM HALL COMMITTEE.

The above Committee will meet in the Town-Hall TO-NIGHT. Business of importance.
JOHN MARSH.

CROMWELL KILWINNING LODGE (S.O.)

The REGULAR MEETING of the above Lodge will be held on WEDNESDAY Evening, the 13th November, at 7.30 sharp. Business: Nomination of Officers; Raisings.

By order of the R.W.M.,
THOMAS MARTIN, Secretary.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The ANNUAL MEETING OF SUBSCRIBERS will be held in the TOWN HALL on TUESDAY, 12th inst., at 8 p.m.
Business of the Meeting: To elect Committee and Office-bearers for the ensuing year.

CROMWELL POST OFFICE.

MAILS CLOSE.

For Bannockburn, Quartzville, and Carrickton, every Sunday, at 9 p.m.
For Clyde, Dunedin, and intervening offices, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 p.m.
For Dunedin, via Teviot, Tuapeka, and Tokomairiro, every Tuesday, at 3 p.m.
For Kawarau Gorge, Edwards's, Morven Ferry, Arrowtown, Frankton, and Queenstown, every Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday, at 9 p.m.
For Luggate, Bendigo, Alberton, and Cardrona, every Tuesday, at 9 p.m.
For Bannockburn and Nevis, every alternate Monday, at 9 a.m.
For money orders and registered letters, not later than 2 p.m.

MAILS ARRIVE:

From Dunedin, Clyde, and intervening offices, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9 a.m.
From Dunedin, via Tokomairiro, Tuapeka, and Teviot, every Friday, at 3 a.m.
From Queenstown, Frankton, Arrowtown, Morven Ferry, Edwards's, and Kawarau Gorge, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 p.m.
From Cardrona, Alberton, Luggate, Bendigo, every Thursday, at 3 p.m.
From Nevis and Bannockburn, every alternate Wednesday, at 11 a.m.
From Carrickton, Quartzville, and Bannockburn, every Wednesday, at 3.30 p.m.

Cromwell Argus,

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1872.

A meeting of Committee of the Cromwell Jockey Club was held at the Kawarau Hotel on Thursday evening. The members present were: Mr Preshaw, president; Mr Dawkins, vice-president; Mr Jolly, treasurer; and Messrs Pierce, Harding, Colclough, Taylor, and Cowan. The treasurer read a statement of accounts, showing a balance in hand, after paying all liabilities, of £28. This was regarded as very satisfactory, it having been mentioned by the President that the Club had never before been in such a prosperous condition financially. On the motion of Mr Cowan, seconded by Mr Dawkins, it was agreed to offer at the ensuing Race Meeting stakes to the amount of £420, including the £50 prize for the Cromwell Derby. [The amount actually paid in stakes last year was £365 17s. 6d.] The sum agreed upon was then apportioned as follows:—FIRST DAY: Cromwell Derby, £50; Hack Hurdle Race, £15; Grand Stand Handicap, £60; Miners' Purse, £15; Flying Handicap, £40. SECOND DAY: Maiden Plate, £30; Handicap Hurdle Race, £60; Jockey Club Handicap, £100; Hack Selling Race, £20; Consolation Handicap, £30. The Committee resolved that the privileges connected with the grand stand, &c., should be sold by auction on Wednesday, 11th December; and that Mr J. C. Chapple be invited to conduct the sale. For the post of Handicapper, Mr A. R. B. Thomson was almost unanimously chosen, and a hope was generally expressed that he would consent to act in that capacity. Messrs Colclough, Cowan, Jagg, Jolly, Kidd, Lake, Loughnan, and Taylor were appointed Stewards; and Messrs Harding, Dawkins, and Pierce, were re-elected as Judge, Starter, and Clerk of the Course respectively. The undermentioned gentlemen were appointed Collectors for the Club:—Cromwell—Messrs Gild, Pierce, and Preshaw; Bannockburn—Messrs Stuart, Jolly, and Taylor; Bendigo—Mr J. Mitchinson; Lowburn—Mr J. Werner; Gorge—Mr J. Wrightson; Dunstan—Mr J. Hazlett.

Letters received at the post-office, Cromwell, in July, and remaining unclaimed at the end of October:—Robert Batty; J. E. Gummer; James M'Donald; Christina Ledingham; John McGuiness; Henry Pierce; Daniel Ross.

The Escort left Clyde for Dunedin yesterday morning, with the undermentioned quantities of gold:—

Queenstown	2032	10
Arrowtown	1806	18
Cromwell	1997	0
Clyde	600	0
Alexandra	664	4
Teviot	540	2
Total	7731	3

On Friday and Saturday evenings last, the Royal Dramatic Troupe played to excellent houses in Kidd's Concert-hall. The company on their upward journey to Queenstown created a very favourable impression, which was most decidedly strengthened by their performances on the nights mentioned. On the latter evening, each member seemed determined to do his and her "level best" in the matter of providing fun, and the result was aching sides to the audience. The company intend to spend the Christmas week in Cromwell, and there can be no doubt that they will be heartily welcomed. They have promised to present as enjoyable an entertainment, in their particular line, as could be found in Dunedin, and certainly, judging by what has been seen of them in Cromwell, they are likely to fully carry it out.

We learn that Mr J. Harding, of the Junction Commercial Hotel, intends shortly to relinquish his present business, and to embark in a new undertaking,—one which it is to be hoped will prove more lucrative than that he has now in hand. Mr Harding possesses in an eminent degree all the essential qualifications of a business man, besides having the advantage of a large and varied experience of American and Colonial life; and it is much to be regretted that, since the period of his arrival in Cromwell, a succession of unfortunate circumstances has kept him struggling in a sea of adversity. Ever anxious to assist in developing the resources of the district, he was one of the foremost to aid in prospecting the Carrick Reefs; and was also, we believe, one of the two originators of the scheme which led to the formation of the Carrick Range Water Supply Company. We feel sure his many friends will unite in wishing that the "turn of the tide," for which he has so long waited, may be close at hand, and that his future career will be one of uninterrupted prosperity.

Plans and specifications for the proposed bridge-track between Cromwell and Quartz Reef Point, along the east bank of the Clutha, were received yesterday morning, and can be seen, on application to Sergeant Cassels, at the Police Camp, where forms of tenders may be had. The total length of the proposed track is 116 chains. The cuttings are to be not less than six feet in width in the solid, with a dip of four inches. The contract is to be paid for either in land or cash, at the option of the Government, and contractors are required to give separate tenders for either mode of payment. If payment be made in land, a certificate will be given, on completion of the work, entitling the contractor to credit for the amount at any land sale under the Regulations presently in force.

"Spangles and Sawdust," a collection of Colonial stories written by a Colonial author, is the title of an attractive little work which has just reached us, and of which the fifth edition is now published. Mr R. P. Whitworth, the author, has achieved the most unqualified success in this description of literature, and has been highly complimented thereon by a large section of the Australian and New Zealand Press. The stories are well told, and many of them possess special interest for Otago readers. Mr Joseph Braithwaite, of Fleet-street, Dunedin, supplies copies to any address at the moderate price of a shilling each.

Our public Reading Room has been well patronised during the past week. This has been owing to the fact that the English papers, which for the last three or four months failed to make their appearance, have all come in a bunch by the San Francisco mail. No magazines have yet arrived, however. The cause of the delay in forwarding is not known.

A very sudden death occurred in Tokomairiro on Wednesday, the 23rd ult. Mr Edward H. Grey, formerly landlord of the Camp Hotel there, was sitting by the fireside after tea, talking to his wife, when he was observed to give a slight spasmodic start, and fell over. He expired in a few moments.

At the last meeting of the Waste Land Board in Dunedin, the following matters were reported:—Warden Carey reported on the application of Mr R. E. Dagg for a coal lease at the Bannockburn:—"The only tenable objection is, that it might encroach on an inchoate right of the Bridge Company to an agricultural lease of 20 acres." It was resolved that a lease be granted on the usual terms—the price at the pit's mouth to be 20s per ton.—Messrs Gillies and Street, as agents for Mr Thomas Anderson, 19-Mile Creek, near Cromwell, applied to purchase an acre of ground on which his business premises were erected. The application was adjourned in order to allow of further information being obtained.—Messrs Gillies and Street, for Messrs Jesse Geer and Anthony Farquison, applied for the approval of the survey of a coal lease area that had been applied for by them, and that a lease be granted to them. The application was postponed, pending the Warden's report being received, and other information being obtained.

The Provincial Government will shortly call for tenders for the cutting of the remaining portion of the track between Lake Wakatipu and Lake McKerrow. The track is to be made passable by horses, and the Government will also erect shelter-sheds, and span the Hollyford river with a wire rope. Mr Braithwaite, the Secretary for Works, has promised to do all in his power to have the whole of the work completed before next winter.

It is rumoured that a new line of four-horse coaches, to run between Tuapeka and the Dunstan, is about to be established. There is no doubt if well-appointed and comfortable coaches were placed on this road, it would be the favourite one for passengers travelling from Dunedin to the Dunstan and the Lakes.—*Tuapeka Times*.

The *Tuapeka Times* believes that the article which appeared in a late *Dunstan Times*, in favour of the Waipahi line of railway to Cromwell, and in disfavour of that by way of Tuapeka, was not written by any member of the staff of the Dunstan paper, "because the sentences are grammatically constructed, and some decent English is used in its composition." The article, however, is declared to be "a tissue of misrepresentation and falsehood from beginning to end, and in this respect bears the stamp of the newspaper in which it was published."

The most sensible speech reported in *Hansard* this session, to our minds, is that of Mr Swanson, upon the motion proposed by Sir D. Munro, as follows:—"That the House of Representatives, having observed His Excellency, in his recent correspondence with the Hon. Mr Stafford, appears to have entertained doubts of its willingness to vote supplies in the face of announced dissolution, begs to assure His Excellency that this House will at all times be prepared to adopt those proceedings which are in accordance with well-established parliamentary practice and a due regard for the prerogatives of the Crown." The report of the discussion upon this matter occupies exactly forty pages of *Hansard*, and after all the mover asked leave to withdraw it. Such was not given, however, and the motion was negatived by 31 to 2. We make the following extract from the speech of Mr Swanson upon the matter:—"It strikes me that we do not know our own minds, and I will tell you what I think of this institution itself. I think, as a law-making machine, it is an immense failure. I hope I am not infringing the privileges of the House, but I am quite satisfied there is not a Provincial Council in the Colony that does not pay enormously greater attention to its affairs, and has not a thousand times more knowledge of the subjects it discusses, than this House. Take the conduct of the House last night, when there were measures involving hundreds of thousands of pounds rushed through the House—actually bundled through it. There were about fifty orders of the day and very nearly thirty notices of motion disposed of, regardless of their importance or whether they were right or wrong. The whole electoral business of the country, which is of enormous importance—I think there were three Bills on the subject, what became of it? It was thrown out without debate. Away with it! Never mind it! But look at this matter, which is a purely personal one; we have all the oratorical talent holding forth by the yard. There are unlimited supplies of that, when the matter under consideration is a purely personal one between the 'outs' and 'ins.' But when the interests of the people are concerned—when money is concerned—where are all these gentlemen? There are not more than half a dozen members in the House when such things are under discussion, and Bills are passed through without honorable members hardly knowing what they contain. I consider it a disgrace and a sham. Good laws never can be passed in that way. I am satisfied in my own mind that honorable members do not read one-half of the Bills that are now brought forward, and yet the people are to be amused until the end of the session with discussions such as the present. We are amused with want of confidence motions on one side, and want of confidence motions on the other side, and with such a matter as the present, which brings out all the talent and all the ability which should be devoted to the affairs of the country."

"Sinbad," the sporting contributor of the *Canterbury Press*, writes as follows regarding the two principal events of the race meeting to be held at Christchurch on the 7th, 8th, and 11th inst.:—"For the first time for some years the annual match in the Cup between old Knot and Peeress will be dispensed with. That Peeress is being backed for even money against the field, the odds being 3 and 4 to 1 about the rest, induces the belief that the public fancy the mare as much as ever. There are those, however, who cling to the belief that there are as good fish in the sea as ever came out of it, and who think Mr Redwood's mare is not a positive certainty."

As matters stand at present, I should say the performers who face the starter for the Cup will be limited to a quartette, or possibly a trio. . . . It is supposed to be the correct thing in making a handicap to give an untied horse the credit of being more or less a good 'un. I think Brunette (not the Dunstan mare) and Batsman have suffered by this principle as regards the weights allotted to them in the Jockey Club Handicap. As to the rest, I consider Tambourini, Malice, Detractor, No Name, and Barbarian, especially the latter, well in, so much so that if Peeress repeats her double victory of last year, her owner had better add the letter 'L' after the 'r', and some of the rest had better resign galloping for some other useful sphere." The following are the weights for the Handicap:—Peeress, 10st 7lbs; Yatterina, 9st 10lbs; Gazelle, 9st; Queen Bee, 8st 6lbs; Brunette, 8st 6lbs; Tambourini, 8st 5lbs; Tabisman, 8st 5lbs; Malice, 7st 12lbs; Detractor, 7st 7lbs; Batsman, 7st 7lbs; No Name, 7st 2lbs; Barbarian, 6st 12lbs; Dragon, 6st 2lbs; Adonis, 6st 2lbs.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUNEDIN,

TUESDAY, 9 a.m.

Mr Brodie, Accountant in Bankruptcy, died on Sunday, aged 39. His funeral is to take place to-day.

Katene and Parata have been appointed Native advisers to Government.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—I observed in your issue of the 29th inst. the following paragraph:—"Our contemporary, the *Wakatipu Mail*, is threatened by the trustees in the estate of Boulton, Mackay, and Co., with legal proceedings for an alleged libel upon a deserted saw-mill! The *Mail* very properly declines to submit to such intimidation." The *Mail* of 30th inst. calls attention to your remarks, and adds, "We may state the saw-mills are not deserted," thereby showing that they were fully aware of the untruthfulness of their correspondent's letter, (which I presume you have seen). And had they not been aware of it, they had plenty of opportunities of making themselves acquainted with the facts of the case before inserting so false and damaging a description of a business and plant advertised for sale. Whatever the *Mail* may say to the contrary, it is perfectly plain that the letter was written with malicious intent. Had the *Mail* published the name of the writer, as requested, the trustees would have been satisfied, as the public would then have known who the cowardly assailant was, and valued his statements and motives at their true worth. The bounce is all on the side of the editor, who thinks that the trustees will not put themselves to the inconvenience and expense of taking the matter to the Supreme Court. In conclusion, may I ask if you think it likely that the *Mail* would have inserted anything like the following:—

"I paid a visit to the extensive establishment of the CROMWELL ARGUS. Their immense printing presses are of the newest and most approved principle. They have the largest and most elegant assortment of type in the Colonies, and judging from the number of hands I saw busily employed, I should think they must be doing a very profitable trade, and enjoying a large circulation of their paper. I returned to Queenstown, and visited the office of the *Wakatipu Mail*. I found a rusty press, some worn-out type, and some blotches of ink."

I remain, yours, &c.,

ONE INTERESTED.

Queenstown, 21st Oct., 1872.

MAIL ITEMS.

115,000 tons of Californian wheat are on their way to England.

The emigrants despatched to New Zealand during the last quarter numbered 1875.

The Rev. J. H. Merle D'Aubigné, D.D., the historian of the Reformation, is dead.

At Manchester, eight hairdressers were fined 6d. each, under the Act of Charles II., for shaving people on Sunday.

Ballarat has been created a Bishopric. The Archbishop of Canterbury will nominate the first Bishop of the new diocese.

The congratulatory message forwarded by the Mayor of Adelaide on the opening of telegraphic communication has been recorded in the archives of the city of London, at Guildhall.

A novelty at the Dundee Regatta was a race for four-oared fishing yawls rowed by fisher girls. The "Pet Lungs," wearing straw hats and striped bodices, who won the first prize at the Broughty Ferry Regatta, won the race easily. The rowing is to have been admirable.

A remarkable accident occurred at Auchinleck Lamb Fair. A man named Jas. Black, residing at Gaswater, had caught hold of a lamb, which, in its struggles to get free, overturned its captor. Black fell to the ground with such violence that his neck was broken, and death shortly afterwards ensued.

There was an extraordinary personal altercation at the Brewster Sessions at Norwich, on August 27. In the course of the proceedings, some unpleasant feeling arose between two of the magistrates, and one struck the other. The pair ultimately rolled on the floor together while struggling for the mastery. The scene produced much excitement among the auditory. Eventually the combatants were separated. The Home Secretary has called upon Mr Blake and Major Bignold for an explanation of their conduct.

The match between the English Cricket Eleven and the Eleven of Montreal was played on August 22 and 23. The English Eleven scored in their first innings 225, and the Canadians 43. In their second innings the Montreal Club made 67 runs, the English winning by 140 runs in one innings. The match between the English Eleven and Twenty-two of the Toronto Club commenced on September 1. At the close of the play the English Eleven had made 233 runs for eight wickets down, Mr Grace scoring 112. There were 10,000 spectators present.

The Prince of Wales' birthday (Nov. 9) falls this year on a Saturday. It has been decided to celebrate it in Dunedin on the Monday following, as being a more convenient day.

REPORT OF N.S.W. GOLD-FIELDS COMMISSION.

In fulfilment of the promise we gave in our leading columns of last week, we continue extracts from the above report.

Throughout the whole of the report, the Commissioners frequently refer to the very uncertain tenure upon which mining property is held, and urge the necessity of liberal legislation in the direction of increasing the security of that tenure. They thus allude to the matter in one instance:—

In order to encourage the embarkation of capital in gold-mining enterprise, it is obvious that fair security of tenure must be offered. The tenure by miners' rights, although well adapted for miners who reside upon the Gold Fields, and who may personally exercise a constant supervision over the workings in which they are interested, is clearly not sufficient for the interests of those who may be necessarily resident away from the Gold Fields, but who may have capital which they are willing to invest in reasonably secure and legitimate enterprise. Unless, therefore, some such system of tenure as that secured by a lease is permitted, there would be virtually an exclusion of outside capital—a result certainly not to be desired by any but a few persons representing an extreme and narrow-minded view of Gold Fields legislation, and who are borne down by an unreasoning and unreasonable dread of the great bugbear monopoly. But it is by no means merely with a view to attract capital from persons not themselves resident on a Gold Field that we think leasing should be permitted. The encouragement afforded by leases would operate more generally, and with at least equal benefit, upon the interests of the miners themselves, and would tend largely to the introduction of an improved system of mining, combining the two great desiderata—efficiency and economy. The privilege of being able to convert his holding under the miner's right into a holding under lease would also be a great advantage to the miner who might have proved his claim to be remunerative, but was unable to expend the amount required to develop the claim without calling in the aid of capital, which he would have difficulty in procuring if the tenure depended on the miner's right.

We unanimously think that the rental imposed upon leases is too high; we would recommend that, instead of £2 per acre per annum, the rental should be ten shillings per acre per annum. It may be said that a rental of £2 an acre would not deter capitalists or companies, representing large capital, from taking out leases, and we do not contest that proposition; but it is in the special interest of the ordinary claimholder that we recommend this reduction, as from the greater security of tenure which a lease would afford, we are of opinion that the ordinary claimholder would in very many instances gladly convert his holding into a lease, if not deterred by high rentals.

Recently, in this district, examples have been afforded of the trouble and expense which may be incurred by holders of water privileges neglecting to renew their certificates. In such cases, by the present law, it seems that the Warden has absolute power of declaring a forfeiture, although it is seldom, if ever, exercised. But, in the event of the Warden choosing to declare a forfeiture in any such case, the hardship, even wrong, that would be sustained by a party of miners, or a company, is obvious: in any case, they would be put to much inconvenience and expense to recover possession, and it might be that they would undergo the vexation of seeing their property "legally stolen" by others. The Commissioners recommend that, "in addition to the present system of granting water privileges, water licenses should be issued direct from the Mining Department." The necessity for some change in this direction in the New Zealand mining regulations was recognised by the framers of the last attempt at a Gold Mining Bill; for we find Mr Gisborne, in his speech at its introduction, saying:—"With regard to the water rights, instead of the present annual registration certificate under which water rights were granted, the Bill provided that licenses should be issued, giving to the licensee an indefeasible right to the exclusive use of the race, dam, or reservoir, and the water in respect of which the same is constructed, for such time as he shall fulfil the conditions upon which the same is granted." This, at any rate, was a provision which would have been heartily welcomed if the Bill had become law.

The Commissioners recommend that the miner's right should be retained at its present charge in New South Wales, namely, ten shillings per year; and urge that the provisions of the 4th section of the Victorian Mining Statute of 1865 should be introduced into the mining legislation of the Colony. That section is as follows:—

"It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to cause documents to be issued, each of which shall be called a 'miner's right,' and shall be in force for any number of years not exceeding fifteen; and any such document shall be granted to any person applying for the same, upon payment of a sum at the rate of ten shillings for every year the same is to be in force. It shall also be lawful for the Governor in Council to cause other documents to be issued, each to be called a 'consolidated miner's right,' and to be in force for any number of years not exceeding fifteen; and any such last-mentioned document shall, on the application of the Manager or any Trustee or Trustees of any Company of persons who shall have agreed to work

in partnership any claim or claims registered under the provisions hereof, be granted to such Manager, Trustee, or Trustees, on behalf of the persons who shall from time to time be members of such Company," &c.

The report, as a whole, is highly interesting, and contains many excellent suggestions in addition to those we have quoted. A perusal of it might be made with much advantage by the mining delegates who are to meet in Lawrence shortly; and we recommend all Mining Associations to obtain a copy.

DUNEDIN NOTES.

By O. P. Q.

A company has been formed in Dunedin within the last two or three weeks to commence operations in one of the quartz claims at Rough Ridge, some three or four years ago worked by a company called the "Great Eastern," who had the stone which they raised crushed at the Ida Valley Co.'s battery. Through great mismanagement, the working of the claim was stopped, although the average yield from the stone was very large—about 36 dwts. The reef was subsequently taken up by Mr C. F. Roberts, of Mount Ida, who lately came to Dunedin to float the company. A meeting of applicants for shares was held the other evening, and it was resolved that the company be registered under the Mining Companies Limited Liability Act, under the name of the "Energetic." Before proceeding to the erection of machinery, it was considered advisable to raise 40 or 50 tons of stone, in order to test the expense of getting the stone to grass, it being in its nature very hard; and in the event of the result being satisfactory, the shares which are at present not taken up will, it is anticipated, be absorbed by the present shareholders, and the erection of machinery be proceeded with without delay.

"By rail to the Port" is now an established fact, although the line is not yet regularly opened for traffic. The first train brought up a number of the members of the House of Representatives who had arrived from the North, and there have been one or two invitation trips since with a number of ladies and gentlemen from the Port. It is understood that the jubilee day on the occasion of the formal opening of the line will be Monday, the 11th inst., which is set apart as the holiday in honour of the Prince of Wales's birthday, owing to Saturday, the 9th, being an inconvenient day on which to display the loyalty of the citizens.

Wednesday morning's issue of the *Daily Times* rather astonished the public, containing as it did English telegrams only a few days old, brought by the Melbourne steamer. It seems strange indeed to be brought into such close communication with the old country, separated as it is from us by so many thousand miles of water. There really seems little more for the scientific men of this century to accomplish—unless it is some method for enabling the inhabitants of this sphere to take an occasional trip to the moon.

The Mayor and some of the Councillors had an interview yesterday with his Honor the Superintendent with reference to Municipal matters, and among other things the important project of blocking up Gaoi-street and then carrying Cumberland street right through what was once Bell Hill into High street, was brought under his Honor's notice. What now remains of Bell Hill is fast disappearing under the enforced labour of the prison-gang who have so long been expiating the various offences against the country of which they were guilty, and there is no question that Cumberland-street must eventually occupy a portion of the ground removed. His Honor promised to lay the matter before the Executive.

Mr W. J. Barry is at present in Dunedin, having returned to New Zealand after a brilliant few months' sojourn in the Australian Colonies, and with (as Mr Barry informed a friend of mine) the satisfactory knowledge that he is now in a fair way of obtaining his rights in reference to the valuable property he claims in New South Wales. With a present satisfactory balance to his credit in the Bank, and the now almost certain possession of thousands to an extent I hardly dare venture to name, he will no doubt be cordially welcomed by the inhabitants of the Municipality in which he for three years occupied the distinguished position of civic chief.

It is said that Mr Donald Reid has declined to again take the position in the Executive from which he was dismissed by his Honor the Superintendent when he held office in the Stafford Ministry, although his Honor offered to reinstate him. Mr Reid no doubt calculates that at the next meeting of the Provincial Council he will be able to reinstate himself, without being beholden to the generosity of his Honor in the matter.

BENDIGO.

(From our own Correspondent.)

October 30, 1872.

I have very little to report this week: most matters bearing upon the future of this place are still in the transition state; but as they appear to me to be progressing in the right direction, strong hopes may be entertained that the worst is past. Of course, as your readers may know, motion is not always progress,—as in the case of a crab's locomotion, for instance; and with us, sceptical people may say that the upheaving force is so slight as to escape the observation of anyone but a newspaper correspondent. However, if it is not actually apparent to the bodily vision, I have a sort of prescience that the change is going on, and if anyone is desirous of erecting *chateaux en Espagne*, he may take my statement for a foundation: further than this, I can at present give no guarantee. Some of your readers may think the above is "high falutin," or perhaps "rot," but let me assure them that even "rot" is better than "nothing in the papers."

We have had the full benefit of the vernal equinox for the past fortnight; gales of wind have been blowing from all quarters, ending with rain varied by falls of snow on the ranges. The atmospheric changes have been sufficient to try the hardest constitutions; but in this matter the New Zealand climate will ever excel.

The new proprietary of the Colclough reef are seemingly prepared to go in *con spirito*, and have, I believe, decided to commence the much-talked-of tunnel. When this work is completed, there is little doubt that the N.P. will find that they have made a good speculation in their purchase.

The Aurora tributers finished their trial crushing of forty tons from the new leader last week. The yield has not transpired, but as they have not suspended operations, and are about to conclude their contract with the company, and carry on work for a term of years, it may safely be assumed to have been satisfactory. If reticence as to returns, on the part of all companies, is to become the rule here, I scarcely see the use of any lucubrations from "your own," as I imagine that a report from a reefing district without anything about quartz in it, would be extremely like the play of Hamlet with the royal character left out. If such matters are left too much to the imagination, error is apt to creep in, and as I may casually remark, reporters are but human.

Trial crushings from two other claims will shortly take place. These have lately been taken up on Colclough's supposed line, and until the crucial test is afforded, I shall refrain from passing any opinion, assuring the owners that "the best test of the pudding is the eating thereof."

Cattle are being daily driven off to the pound. Mr McLean seems determined to make it a caution to graziers on his run. I learn that the fences are being continually broken down to allow free passage to cattle and horses, so that there is little wonder that the squatter should get "riled"; and as to those parties who persist in making short cuts at his expense, the only verdict is "serve 'em right," if their quadrupeds are impounded. Such conduct is only calculated to disinter the hatchet between the squatter and the miner, and revive those bitter and mistaken feelings which all who have the permanent good of the country at heart had hoped to see laid at rest for ever. So it behoves this community to aid the runholder in exposing and condemning the delinquents, if they do not wish to see every hoof removed, which will surely happen if the depredations are continued.

I saw a nice little nugget weighing 16dwts. which was obtained by a sluicer the other day in the terrace overlooking Wakefield. The fact of such heavy gold existing in that locality ought to induce prospecting for the deep leads which most practical miners affirm to exist in the high-lying flats between the Dunstan range and the Clutha. This is a question which might be taken up by the Government in view of finding or making work for the new arrivals.

The appointment of Mr Andrew Robert Bruce Thomson, of Clyde, as an Inspector of Sheep for the Province, is notified in the Provincial Gazette of 23rd inst.

Colds, Coughs, and Asthmas, easily cured by *Holloway's Pills*.—Let no person suffering from asthma consider himself as past all cure, even if so bad as to be unable to lie down in bed, without trying the effect of these celebrated Pills, as a few doses will soon carry off the phlegm and oppression from the chest, and produce a healthy action of the lungs. A proper course of this famed medicine will assure a cure. Inveterate coughs and colds will soon yield to the like treatment. The testimony of the Rev. David Williams, Wesleyan Minister of Beaumaris, to this effect, is most astonishing.

REEFING REPORT.

The Nil Desperandum Company's Mill which was started yesterday week, is now in full work and giving thorough satisfaction. The tables showed very favourably after crushing for a week, and the opinion of persons "who ought to know" is that the yield will exceed an ounce per ton. The steadiness of the machinery was favourably noticed, and the consumption of fuel is said not to exceed six tons per week for about 60 tons crushing. Mr P. H. Mc'Ardell has received the appointment of manager of works. The Nil Company have about 400 tons of stone ready for crushing.

An accident to one of the cams at the Elizabeth Co.'s battery caused a cessation of work for a day or two during the past week, but the necessary repairs having been promptly undertaken, the mill is most probably now in full operation. Mr Robert Reid has been engaged by the Company to take charge of the battery. The working manager reports that the mine is looking very well, and that the portion of the reef now being worked averages two feet in width.

The new battery erected by Mr Logan of the Robert Burns Company's claim is all ready to begin work, and will most likely be set in motion before the end of this week. The first crushing will be one of about 10 tons from the John Bull claim.

RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 30.

(Before J. B. Lake, Esq., J.P.)

DRUNKENNESS.—A person charged with the offence was fined 5s., with the alternative of 24 hours in the lock-up.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31.

(Before E. H. Carew, Esq., R.M., and J. Carew, Esq., J.P.)

A FRIVOLOUS COMPLAINT.—Sait Di was called to answer to a charge of assault preferred against him by Chin Chok; but the defendant failed to appear, and the Court proceeded to hear the case *ex parte*.—Chin Chok, the plaintiff, on being asked how he would be sworn, replied "On the Bible;" and the oath having been administered, he made the following statement:—I am a mining speculator, residing at Cromwell. On Sunday, the 27th, I went to Bannockburn to see a water-race. As I was passing a house belonging to Ah Chin, I saw some of my countrymen inside gambling. I did not know the people. I stepped inside the door, and said to them, "No use gambling on a Sunday." They told me that was not my business, and that I was not a policeman. Ah Chin took hold of me and put me out, telling me to hook it. In so doing he caught me by the waistcoat, and broke my Albert chain. Then he used bad language towards me. Sait Di was there, and assisted to put me out.—On being asked why he had not also summoned Ah Chin, witness said he would have done so, only he had good reason to believe Ah Chin would have left the district and got out of the way; and to follow him up would have involved the complainant in fruitless expense.—The Bench considered the complainant had got just what he deserved: it was a piece of impudence for him to go into another person's house in the way he had done. Case dismissed.

JOHN PERRIAM v. JOHN MCTR.—Claim, £1 upon an I.O.U. Defendant did not appear. Plaintiff proved personal service of summons on defendant at Carrickton, and produced the document sued upon in proof of his claim. Judgment for full amount, together with 10s. costs of Court.

TEMPORARY LICENSE.—R. Kidd applied for and obtained permission to keep the Cromwell Hotel open on the night of the Odd-Fellow's ball (Friday, Sch. inst.).

WARDEN'S COURT.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31.

(Before E. H. Carew, Esq., Judge and Warden.)

APPLICATIONS.—In reference to the Elizabeth Q. M. Company's application for a branch water-race, heard on the previous Court-day, and then objected to by Hancock Brothers, Mr F. J. Wilson now stated that his clients had withdrawn their objection to the parties having signed a document whereby it was agreed that all existing rights should be preserved.

Application under Sec. 1, Reg. IV.—Thomas Robertson, one acre, Bailey's Gully: notice of intention to apply having been duly advertised, the area required was declared open for occupation as an extended claim.

Extended Claims.—Charles Penke: no appearance.—J. Woodward and another: granted.—A. McLeod and another, German Gully, Neris: granted.—J. Pryde and three others, four acres on Pipeclay Terrace: no appearance.—Ah Tean and three others, Upper Nevis: granted.

Water Race.—Ah Tean and three others, five sluice-heads from Nevis River: granted.

Tail Race.—Ah Tean and party, Nevis: granted.

Dams.—The Heart of Oak Q. M. Co.'s application for a site 200 yards north of the United Companies' machine was granted.—T. Holland's site for dam at Stony Creek: granted.

Mining Leases.—The Aurora Q. M. Company were granted a lease of 16 acres at Bendigo, tenure to date from 1st November.—Thomas Hall and others, Carrick Range: no appearance, and application refused.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

[We have been requested to publish the following lines, and as the author is well known to many of our readers, we comply.]

Let them talk of an invasion,
Startling us with foreign roar;
We are still the Sons of Britain,
And as brave as days of yore.

We give the World our trade and commerce,
We glory in a Nation's peace;
But rob us not of wealth or honor,
Nor mane the Lion in his fleece.

Deride us not, we do not slumber,
Nor touch the Lion in his den;
We glory in a splendid army:
For we have still the best of men.

The ancients boasted of their valour,
The Roman towers looked very fair;
But we can boast of British Bulwark,
For now its powder makes us square.

Let them boast of an invasion!
And glory in the stripe and star:
The British flag flies always freely,
When we let slip the dogs of war.

Wealth and honour is our motto:
A Napier follows Campbell's rear;
And we have still the British soldier,
Can follow up the Alma cheer.

Think you not that Nelson's sleeping:
In memory he will ever last:
And we have thousand Nelsons living,
Will nail our colours to the mast.

Taunt us not we paid a ransom,—
Our glory is beyond the grave;
For—who could sell a human brother!
Ah! we gave freedom to the slave.

Be steady then,—a nation's duty:
We can, and will do what is right;
And they who dare do us injustice,
Will feel the power of British might.

Dunedin, Oct., 1872.

D. BLAIR.

ENGLISH NEWS.

The greater part of the following telegraphic news to Melbourne is dated London, Oct. 21, while some of it is dated as late as 2.45 p.m. on Oct. 23. The latter news was received in Melbourne on Oct. 24, at 2 p.m., and in Dunedin on the 25th, being rather less than a week in transmission from London to Dunedin. The *Daily Times* explains that this is owing to the fact that the submarine cable between Port Darwin and Java is once more in operation, and that the overland telegraph across Australia is now complete. The news is forty-two days later than that brought by the last San Francisco mail a fortnight ago, and fourteen days later than that which will be brought by the next Californian boat, which was due at Auckland yesterday:—

The Alabama claims are settled. England pays 15,500,000 dollars (£3,150,000).

Bishop Selwyn's son succeeds to the Bishopric of Melanesia, rendered vacant by the murder of Bishop Patteson.

Eight detachments of labourers for Mr Brogden's railways left for New Zealand in the Chile.

The wheat harvest in England is deficient in quantity and inferior in quality. In Scotland, according to the *Scotsman*, the harvest this year will be the most disastrous one known since 1816.

The Lord Chancellor, Lord Hatherley, has resigned, and has been succeeded by Sir Roundell Palmer, who has been created Baron Selbourne.

Mr Justice Willes, of the Court of Common Pleas, committed suicide. The act is attributed to an attack of gout on the brain.

M. Thiers ordered Prince Napoleon to leave France. He refused to do so, and was thereupon escorted to the Swiss border by the police.

The American Consul at Zanzibar has received a letter from Dr Livingstone. It is dated Unyamwebe, July 2, and extols Mr Stanley for his energy and kindness.

An important Conference of Nonconformists has been held at Birmingham in favour of the disestablishment of the Church of England.

Mr Graham, one of the directors of the new National Bank of New Zealand, has sailed for the Colony to establish branches there. Mr Adam Burnes, the Manager, (who is to receive a salary of £3000 a year,) follows him with a staff.

A German squadron is being fitted out for voyage round the world.

The Tichborne claimant's popularity is on the increase.

Order reigns at Belfast after a week's ruthless warfare.

Johnson, the champion swimmer of Great Britain, failed in an attempt to swim across the Channel. He was obliged to desist after swimming seven miles.

The English Cricket Eleven were everywhere successful in Canada.

The King of Sweden is dead. The Prince Regent has been proclaimed King as Oscar.

The award of the Geneva Arbitrators confirms England for allowing the Shenandoah to be refitted at Melbourne.

Mr Seward, the American statesman, is dead.

The loss in gold by the imperfect methods of amalgamation that are in use in the various alluvial fields in Victoria is estimated by a practical respondent on mining, who writes in the *Daily Telegraph*, to be not less than £100,000 value in a year, and he arrives at these figures calculating that for every ounce obtained 12 ounces are never recovered.

A Buck-jumping Match.

A buck-jumping match lately came off at Newton-Byrd Crossing, near Mr T. Jordan's, in the Clarence district, Tasmania. The Observer states that the riders were J. Chisholm, butcher, at Dalmorton, and W. Rhodes, of Curradooral. The prize was £20, paid down by the riders. One of the parties made a challenge that if neither was thrown from the saddle they should ride barebacked, and if neither was thrown in this way they should provide each other with bullocks. These conditions, however, were finally abandoned, and a fair buck-jumping match in saddles was decided. Each of the riders found a notorious buck-jumper for the other, and on the day named the match was ridden in the presence of several hundred people. Mr Chisholm rode an ugly-looking bay, selected from the herd of the Hon. E. D. Ogilvie, which was ably managed by its rider, who, after he dismounted, was loudly applauded for his pluck. The horse selected for Mr Rhodes got away, and he was compelled to take a seat on an outsider from Mr H. Brown's station, which gave a good exhibition of bucking. Both horses were with great difficulty saddled, and Chisholm's backed himself over the fence of the saddling yard. Both men are famed riders, and after each had his horse a little quiet, they were into the saddles like lightning, and the bucking was a caution. Rearing and striking with their fore legs, and striking out with their hind ones, made the spot clear. Chisholm stuck to his seat immovably. Rhodes rose and fell with the motions of his horse. Both used the whip and spur to make the horses do their worst. At last the beasts were exhausted, and the riders held their seats. The wager was drawn. Chisholm's horse was supposed to be the most savage of the two when the match commenced, but at the conclusion he was thoroughly tamed, and his master handled him about amidst the cheers of the crowd.

Anthony Trollope on New Zealand.

Before Mr Anthony Trollope took his departure from the Colony, it will be remembered, he was entertained at a dinner by the members of the Northern Club in Auckland. The dinner was strictly private, and reporters were not admitted. However, the *Southern Cross* furnishes what is alleged to be a report of Mr Trollope's speech on the occasion; but in several newspapers we have seen hints that this report is by no means an actual representation of what he said. The *Thames Advertiser* devotes an article to a criticism of this report, from which we take the following extracts, regretting that we have not room for the whole:—

"It is difficult to imagine that the author of such works as those which bear Mr Trollope's name—which keenly analyse the most complex motives, and catch and fix the most evanescent hues of human sentiment and passion—could descend to commonplace talk, or that he should lose the clear and graceful style which seems to come natural to him in his books, and adopt the jargon of a hackneyed penny-a-liner."

The report of Mr Trollope's speech furnished by the *Cross* looks as if it was made up of the somewhat muddled recollections of one of the diners passed through the mind of a reporter. In the name of Mr Trollope's writings, and of his recorded utterances in other colonies, we protest against this being taken as representing him.

Mr Trollope is made to say:—"All through the wide extent of Australia, and in every house in New Zealand he had been in, he not only found some of his own works but many of the works of Thackeray, Dickens, and other authors of eminence in all the walks of literature." We can make all allowance for Mr Trollope wishing to be complimentary, but we can hardly think he means us to believe that in every house he has been in in Australia and New Zealand, he has found libraries so extensive as he speaks of. The truth is, and Mr Trollope knows it quite well, that the houses in which will be found the works he speaks of, are the exceptions. The report asserts, that Mr Trollope said he had found it so "on a personal examination," but we do not believe Mr Trollope would exhibit himself in the Paul Pry attitude of taking an inventory of the book in every house he entered. We say nothing of the fact that Mr Trollope exalts himself above Dickens and Thackeray, and seems to think that it is more extraordinary that the colonists of New Zealand should have their works than his, while he must be conscious that they were both a head and shoulder above him."

After further criticism of the report, and exposing its many absurdities, the *Advertiser* thus concludes:—"No doubt Mr Trollope did speak on all these matters, and of course was as complimentary as truth would allow, but we do not think he would descend to nonsense and an utterly commonplace style of expression. But at the conclusion we have a passage which we believe Mr Trollope uttered, because it is what would strike every observant man coming to New Zealand, and what the *Cross* would not have printed unless he said it. Here it is:—He spoke of the comparative influence which agriculture and gold mining industry had upon New Zealand society, and attributed the rapid progress in material prosperity in this colony more to the influence of her goldfields than her agricultural resources so far as the were at present developed." The prosperous towns of the West Coast, and the wealthy Auckland, are almost entirely dependant upon the industry of gold mining; agriculture hardly begun in New Zealand. And yet the colonists do not recognise the fact. The production of

the gold miner is subject to a heavy special tax in order the other classes may go free; the agriculturists have succeeded in taxing the bread of the gold miner, in order that they may be 'protected,' and the sum allotted for expenditure on the goldfields out of the great loan is a comparative trifle. The goldfields are despised and elbowed aside on every adjustment. One great reason for this is the unfortunate position of the goldfields, which seems to make it impossible for them to obtain honest representatives. Our own member has voted steadily for that Government which came in on the 'protection' ticket, while the Brogden-Harrison affair could only have occurred with a goldfields member. They are always for sale. When Auckland men again condemn the goldfields, we shall be glad to have the conviction of Mr Trollope to throw in their faces. His statement is no more than the truth, which any man coming into New Zealand could see in a few days, but which many prominent colonists are altogether blind to, to their own and the colony's loss and damage."

The Mechanical Assay of Quartz.

At a meeting of the Royal Society of Victoria held recently, Mr Foord read a paper on the subject of the mechanical assay of quartz. He commenced by explaining the immense value of assay from the practical point of view; that it was the means of preventing the outlay of capital in developing quartz which might not contain a particle of gold; and then stated that assay, as a test of whether stone was auriferous or not, was comparatively ignored in Victoria. He then explained the process of assay by fire, pointing out that however valuable the method might be to the analytic chemist, it would be useless in the hands of the unskilled, or of the miner who at a moment's notice was desirous of discovering whether a newly-found reef contained any of the precious metal. The method followed by him in the mechanical assay was as follows:—The stone was first pulverised in a large cast-iron mortar. A sieve of brass wire of fine mesh—about the thirty-fifth of an inch square—was then used, and after the sample had passed through the wire, the powder was ground still finer in a shallow cast-iron mortar about eleven inches in diameter and five inches deep. A weighted quantity of this very finely-ground sample was submitted to careful washing in a porcelain dish. A residue was obtained almost entirely of the metallic sulphides of the ore. These were transferred to a large agate mortar, were again ground and washed until a small grey residue showed that no gold remained. The grey residue consisted almost entirely of particles of cast-iron or wrought-iron abraded during the operations. Such particles may be easily separated. A darning-needle or steel-pen is magnetised by drawing it once or twice, always in the same direction, over the surface of an ordinary horse-shoe magnet, and to the little steel magnet thus obtained the particles of iron will attach themselves, and may be freed from any entangled particles of gold by drawing them backwards and forwards through the water with which the agate mortar is filled. When the cast-iron particles have been removed by the magnet, the gold in the sample, if any, will be revealed, and can be examined, collected, and weighed. A little chemical treatment, such as can be done by the aid of the most portable instruments, will often prove advantageous at the close of the purely mechanical treatment. The residue can be cupelled, and a spherical button of gold will be obtained, and the return per ton can be ascertained by the diameter of the bead, measuring it instead of weighing it. The tools necessary for the mechanical treatment just mentioned will cost a few pounds, but the outlay will in many cases soon repay itself, and would in most cases be warranted as a preliminary expense, rather than going blindly to work with a newly-discovered reef, rather than proceeding to sink shafts and erect machinery without acquaintance with the contents of the stone. By this treatment it cannot be said that no gold will escape, but at least as high a return will be obtained by the samples as the yield on the large scale. Of course, even for these trials a certain amount of skill and some delicacy of manipulation were required; but such, he believed, as a person of fair intelligence could quickly master. The acquisition of the little details of manipulation would amply repay the miner's trouble in mastering them; and as there was now a movement towards the establishment of mining schools, it was desirable that the mechanical assay of quartz should be taught, among other matters, in such institutions. The old method of simply burning the quartz was a pernicious one, because when the burnt pyrites was brought to a fusion point, it locked up the gold, which could be separated afterwards only with great difficulty. He thought it would be well if the quartz were properly roasted in a kiln before being crushed, but pointed out that this operation, taking into consideration the general average of the quartz, would not repay the outlay.

In a case, *Pinkerton v. Ollivier*, heard at the Resident Magistrate's Court at the Ahaura the other day, Mr Guinness (one of the counsel) is reported by the *Grey Valley Times* to have asked:—"Was Ollivier 'dead drunk,' drunk, muddled drunk, intoxicated, in liquor, inebriated, temulent, fuddled, mellow, boozy, flushed, groggy, topheavy, potvaliant, overcome, elevated, screwed, lousy, or muddled?" The witness, Dr Phillips, asked if counsel would repeat the definitions, as he did not think Ollivier was in any one of the described conditions. The case was ultimately dismissed.

MISCELLANEA.

The *New Zealand Herald* estimates the cost of the late session at about £20,000.

It is rumoured that Mr Vogel will shortly proceed to Melbourne to attend an Intercolonial Conference on the subject of a Reciprocity Treaty.

A correspondent of the *Wairarapa Standard* suggests as a motto for the paper "Advance Wairarapa." In answer, the editor suggests a much more practical one, "Pay in Advance, Wairarapa."

The ladies of Wanganui, according to the *Wellington Post*, have determined to cut any of their acquaintances who are seen smoking in the street. Their visiting lists are likely to be considerably reduced.

By the New Zealand Post Office Act Amendment Act, which will come into operation on the 1st January next, the rate of postage on all newspapers posted and delivered in the Colony is reduced to one half-penny.

The number of ounces of gold exported from Otago since its first discovery has now "turned" the third million, the quantity exported up to the 30th September last being 3,003,841 ozs, valued at £11,745,800.

The right of reproducing the work which Mr Anthony Trollope is preparing upon the Colonies, has been secured by Mr George Robertson, the well-known Melbourne publisher, and the proprietors of the *Australasian* have purchased the right of publishing the work in weekly instalments as soon as it is ready.

A woman named Devotion, the wife of a bell-ringer in Wanganui, is reported by the *Chronicle* to have last week vomited up a living lizard. She is unable to account for the mystery, but she says she can tell she has others yet remaining in her stomach.

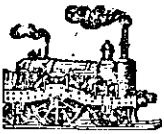
The Wallace, which was chartered by the Government to take supplies to the settlers at Martin's Bay, has returned to Hokitika. The Captain reports that he has supplied the settlers' needs, and has brought back about half the stores, more not being required.

The following touching appeal to the possessors of hearts and homes appears in the *Grey River Argus*:—"Wanted—very much wanted—by a person of twelve years' experience of board, lodging, and vexation of spirit in Colonial hotels, the honour and pleasure of living with a private family, to whom he will give no trouble beyond the preparation of his bed and breakfast. The applicant believes himself to be moral and (comparatively) temperate in his habits, and any person who will take him will confer a benefit upon him individually and upon society at large. Such an opportunity of doing good, and being sufficiently paid for it, rarely offers. Personal inspection of the applicant invited. Address O.K., office of this paper."

A correspondent sends the *West Coast Times* the following account of an amusing instance of the indomitable perseverance of the fair sex when making charitable collections:—"Two ladies from the Hau-hau were a few days since canvassing a neighbouring township for donations for the approaching concert and ball in aid of the district contribution to the Hokitika Hospital. Taking the business places *seriatim*, they arrived at the shop of a worthy knight of the anvil. One of the ladies entered, and having made her application in the blindest of tones, and with a smile which she doubtless thought the blacksmith could not resist, was informed that all he could give was a wheelbarrow of unusually large size which he had just made. The lady expressed her thanks, and said she would get some one to fetch it away. This, however, the blacksmith would not consent to; he had made the offer in jest, thinking himself safe in making it, so he insisted that the lady should trundle it away herself, or she should not have it at all; he would not even permit the assistance of the lady's companion. The lady, doubtless piqued by the ungallant conduct of the blacksmith, was determined that he should be punished by the loss of his wheelbarrow, so she complied with the condition and wheeled it about two miles, over a rough road and up a heavy incline, to the Hau-hau, where it will be sold in a few days, with a collection of other articles for the benefit of the Hospital."

Four or five letters from Dr Livingstone—two to the *New York Herald*, and others to Dr Waller—have been published this week, and others have been received by the Royal Geographical Society. They contain some interesting intelligence about the native races, particularly one about the people Manvema, a race who are more like the ancient Egyptians than the modern negroes; and full also of descriptions of the slave trade, which it is evident kills civilisation where it would otherwise have sprung up. They are, however, full also of complaints against Dr Kirk, who, we imagine, will completely clear himself, and are written with an uneasy, or, to speak plainly, a vulgar jocularity as foreign to the great traveller's character as it is possible to conceive. Dr Livingstone writing about chiefs "bullous below the waist," and describing black girls as "dears" and "hussies" who adorn themselves by "fling their splendid teeth to points like cats' teeth," but who are "very sisterish," and quoting Punch, and parodying Lowell, and comparing the faces of Zanzibar slaves to "London door-knockers, which some atrocious iron-founder thought were like those of lions," is not the Dr Livingstone whom we have all known. The letters all suggest that the great traveller, left to himself for three years, seeing no white face, believing himself abandoned, sick, hungry, and heart-broken, has become ulcerated in mind—has even perhaps sustained some temporary injury to his intellectual power. His discoveries evidently puzzle Sir H. Rawlinson.—*London Spectator*.

Dunedin Advertisements



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RAILWAY FOUNDRY,
GREAT KING STREET, DUNEDIN.

All kinds of Castings in Iron and Brass :
Stampers ; Quartz-Crushing Machinery
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Castings in Brass or Iron.
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.
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Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates.
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Machinery for Flour, Oatmeal, and Barley Mills
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Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Founders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of Castings in Brass and Iron.
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.
Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels ;
Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Winding Gear.
Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates ; Sheet-iron Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any size of holes) ; Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.
Flour-mill Machinery.
All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power Machines made and repaired.
Improved Reaping Machines.
K., M'Q. and Co.'s improved Wrought-iron Piping for Fluming and Hydraulic Mining is the best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Established Twenty Years.

GEORGE MATTHEWS,
NURSERYMAN,
SEEDSMAN, AND SEED-GROWER,
MURRAY PLACE, DUNEDIN,
Begs to intimate that he has constantly on hand
Agricultural and Garden Seeds
Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in season
Garden Tools
Pruning Gloves
Flower Pots, &c. &c.

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FREDERICK H. EVANS
Is prepared to deal with all SHARES for SALE
in the CARRICK REEFS.
Letters, and all other Country Business
receive prompt attention. 36

IMPERIAL HOTEL,

PRINCES-STREET SOUTH,
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Having taken the above hotel, I beg to intimate
to my old friends and the public generally that
I am prepared to offer the best accommodation
to Boarders, private families, and Travellers, at
Moderate Charges.

Very superior accommodation for Wedding
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FIRST-CLASS STABLING.—Horses, Buggies, and
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PRINCES AND MANSE STREETS,
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Possess superior advantages
for supplying the very
best value in every description
of Drapery and Clothing.
They have always on hand a large
and well-assorted stock of Goods, selected by a buyer of experience and taste.
Their Goods are all purchased direct from the
best Manufacturers, for prompt cash, thus
avoiding all intermediate profits ; and
they conduct their business in the
most economical manner, by
which they are enabled to
sell the very best goods
at the lowest possible Prices.

Patterns sent Free to Every Part of the Colony.

TO GENTLEMEN :

A Chart for self-measurement, with patterns of Cloths and List of Prices, sent free on request. The Chart is intended to meet a long-felt want by parties at a distance, who have hitherto found it impossible to get a perfect fit, either in Ready-made Clothing or garments made to order.

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Patent Medicine

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UNDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE.

DR BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

A chemical preparation of Phosphorus, with the Vegetable Alkaloids, Quinia, Cyripeden, Nanthoxilin, &c. Discovered, introduced, and extensively prescribed by CHAS. LESLIE BRIGHT, M.D., Resident Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital, London.

This Phosphatic combination is pronounced by the most eminent members of the medical profession to be unequalled for its power in replenishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying all the essential constituents of the blood and nerve substance, and for developing all the powers and functions of the system to the highest degree.

It is agreeable to the palate, and innocent in its action, while retaining all its extraordinary properties ; and as a specific, surpassing all the known therapeutic agents of the day for the speedy and permanent cure of :—

Nervous prostration	Shortness of breath
Liver complaints	Trembling of the hands
Palpitation of the heart	and limbs
Dizziness	Impaired nutrition
Noises in the head and ears	Mental and physical depression
Loss of energy and appetite	Consumption (in its incipient or first stages only)
Hypochondria	Eruptions of the skin
Female complaints	Impaired sight and memory
General debility	Nervous fancies
Indigestion	Impoverished blood
Flatulence	Nervous debility in all its stages
Incapacity for study or business	Premature decline
Sick headache	
Lassitude	

and all morbid conditions of the system arising from whatever cause. The action of the Phosphodyne is twofold—on the one hand increasing the principle which constitutes nervous energy, and on the other the most powerful blood and flesh generating agent known ; therefore, a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves the function of assimilation to such a degree, that where for years an emaciated, anxious, cadaverous, and semi-vital condition has existed, the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and firmness, and the whole system return to a state of robust health.

The Phosphodyne acts electrically upon the organisation ; for instance, it assists nature to generate that human electricity which renews and rebuilds the osseous, muscular, nervous, membranous, and organic systems. It operates on the system without exciting cure or thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness, unparalleled in medicine.

The Phosphodyne gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or animating element of life, which has been wasted, and exerts an important influence directly on the spinal marrow and nervous system, of a nutritive, tonic, and invigorating character ; maintaining that buoyant energy of the brain and muscular system which renders the mind cheerful, brilliant, and energetic, entirely overcoming that dull, inactive, and sluggish disposition which many persons experience in all their actions.

The beneficial effects of the Phosphodyne are frequently shown from the first day of its administration, by a remarkable increase of nervous power with a feeling of vigor and comfort to which the patient has long been unaccustomed.

Patent Medicines

Digestion is improved ; the appetite increases wonderfully ; the bowels become regular ; the eyes brighter ; the skin clear and healthy ; and the hair acquires strength, showing the importance of the Phosphodyne on the organs of nutrition.

Finally, the Phosphodyne maintains a certain degree of activity in the previously debilitated nervous system ; its use enables all debilitated organs to return to their sound state and perform their natural functions. Persons suffering from Nervous Debility, or any of the hundred symptoms which this distressing disease assumes, may rest assured of an effectual and even speedy cure by the judicious use of this most invaluable remedy.

DR BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

is sold only in cases at L.1 ls., containing Two bottles ; and L.2 2s., containing Five bottles ;—also in family cases at L.3, containing Sixteen bottles. To be had of all Chemists and up-country Storekeepers throughout the Colonies.

Full directions for use, in the English, French, and German languages, accompany each case.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS :

Sir Charles Locock, Physician Accoucheur to her Majesty the Queen, stated at a meeting of the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society that in thirteen cases of debility and nervous prostration he had effected permanent cures by the use of Dr Bright's Phosphodyne.

Sir Wm. Ferguson, Bart., F.R.S., surgeon to her Majesty the Queen, says :—"I have repeatedly prescribed Dr Bright's Phosphodyne and found it an agreeable and beneficial remedy. I have but one objection regarding it, and that is, the elaborate process required in the preparation will not allow of the retail price being within the reach of all classes."

Dr Lancaster, the eminent coroner, says :—"Dr Bright's Phosphodyne is calculated to entirely supersede iron, mercury, sarsaparilla, quinine, and cod-liver oil."

Dr R. Quain, F.R.C.P., physician to the Hospital for Consumption, Brompton, remarks :—"It cannot be doubted that this Phosphatic preparation will henceforth rank foremost in therapeutics ; it generates all the important elements of the human frame, the peculiar character of this substance fitting it for vital uses."

Sir T. Lawrence says :—"I have found Dr Bright's Phosphodyne an excellent remedy in skin diseases. I presume it is by oxydisation."

Professor Syme says :—"The effects of the Phosphodyne in obstinate cases of disease are as astonishing as perplexing."

Dr Handfield Jones, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says in atrophy, and general debility, Phosphodyne is a most admirable remedy ; it invigorates the nutritive functions, and increases the vital energy,—"it not only acts as an absorbent," but retards or repairs the waste of tissue, and restores the nutritive functions to their normal condition.

The *Lancet* considers the Phosphodyne one of the most important contributions made to materia medica during the last century.

CAUTION.—Be particular to ask for Dr Bright's Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad.

Pamphlets containing testimonials may be obtained from all chemists and up-country storekeepers.

Wholesale agents for New Zealand :

KEMP THORNE, PROSSER AND CO.,
DUNEDIN.

A PARADOX!—TO SUFFERERS.

NERVOUSNESS,
ITS NATURE AND CURE.

WHAT IS NERVOUSNESS?—Various answers might be given to this question, according to the constitution and knowledge of the individual. Strong healthy persons, whether medically educated or not, generally regard nervousness as more or less an "imaginary complaint"; it is sometimes only believed to be real when the patient is found to be dying or dead. The best answer to the question, probably, is this.—NERVOUSNESS IS AN UNNATURAL CONDITION OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM. Sometimes this unnatural state is accompanied with considerable bodily weakness, loss of flesh, and loss of strength ; but in most cases there is in the earlier stages of the disorder no outward sign of weakness. The sufferers are found in both sexes ; they often have the bloom of health upon the cheek ; they are surrounded by kind friends, yet existence to them has no charms, for they feel that they cannot enjoy it. Without intending it, they annoy other people about the most trifles ; if they encounter some person unexpectedly they feel confused, afraid, and alarmed ; the heart beats violently, the hand shakes when writing, and the whole frame at times experiences a complete tremulousness. The intellect also is sometimes clouded, the memory fails, the judgment becomes indistinct, the will capricious and undecided, the taste vitiated, the imagination broods upon unpleasant topics, the spirits are either very low or very excited, the ordinary duties of life become burdensome, society is shunned, and business neglected.

A STRANGE SPECTACLE.—It is certainly strange, but not the less true, that perfectly sane persons in the prime of life, with firm step and healthy countenance, may occasionally be met with, who, in spite of possessing all the advantages of education, religion, ample means, and kind friends, nevertheless are victims of the nervousness above described ; unhappy themselves, they render other people unhappy. Why is this? What cause has operated to change the cheerful, active, obliging, unsuspecting, and uncomplaining youth into the unhappy, drowsy, listless, suspicious, and gloomy misanthrope? Many causes, or one cause only, may operate to produce this sad state : the cause may be either mental or physical, or both combined.

ATTEMPTS TO CURE NERVOUSNESS by means of ordinary tonics have sorely proved fruitless, that the leading physicians now for the most part recommend hygienic means, such as exercise in the open air, regular habits, sea-bathing, the cold bathfriction ; change of air and scene, as in travelling. If all these fail, as they often do, what is to be done?

Patent Medicines

THE ANSWER will be found by carefully perusing the following Work :—

Ninth Edition ; Post Free, 1s. 4d.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
Its Cause and Cure,
With Plain Directions for Perfect Restoration to Health.

Applications for a copy of the above Work must be accompanied by the amount in New Zealand or other stamps, also a properly directed envelope.

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CHARLES SENNET, Agent,
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ALL CURES MADE EASY!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers, Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

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Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage ; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. Those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the most relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach ; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before ; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsy, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least three days, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst case will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both Ointment and Pills should be used in the following Disorders :

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sandflies	Scourvy
Coco-bay	Sore Heads
Chicago-foot	Tumours
Chilblains	Ulcers
Fistulas	Wounds and Yaws
Gout	Cancers
Glandular Swellings	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Lambago	Elephantiasis
Piles	Chapped Hands
Rheumatism	Corns (soft)

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

Cromwell (Otago, New Zealand):

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